

# High Performance Multifunctional Inverters FRENIC-MEGA Series

# FRENIC MEGA

Maximum Engineering for Global Advantage

## FUJI INVERTERS

With the flexibility and functionality to support a wide range of applications on all types of mechanical equipment, the FRENIC-MEGA takes care capability, responsiveness, environmental awareness, and easy maintenance to the next level.



### NOTES

Lubricated gearbox or speed changer/reducer, then the motor may overheat. If the speed may cause poor lubrication, avoid such operation.

- Synchronous motors are not suitable for this motor type. Contact Fuji for details.
- Single-phase motors  
Single-phase motors are not suitable for inverter-driven variable speed operation. Use three-phase motors.
- Use a single-phase power supply is available.
- Use a three-phase motor as the inverter provides three-phase output.

### Environmental conditions

- Installation location  
Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of +10 to 50°C.  
The inverter and tracking resistor surfaces become hot during operation. Do not touch the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in inverter specifications.

### Combination with peripheral devices

- Installing a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)  
Install a recommended molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) in the primary circuit of each inverter to protect the wiring. Ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.
- Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the output (secondary) circuit  
If a magnetic contactor (MC) is mounted in the inverter's secondary circuit for switching the motor to commercial power or for any other purpose, ensure that both the inverter and the motor are fully stopped before you turn the MC on or off. Remove the surge filter integrated with the MC.
- Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the input (primary) circuit  
Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) on or off while the inverter is operating. Frequent starts or stops are required during motor operation, use FWD/REV signals.
- Protecting the motor  
The electronic thermal facility of the inverter can protect the motor. The operation level and the motor type (general-purpose motor, inverter motor) should be set. For high-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor.

- Brake motors  
For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, the cooling power must be supplied from the brake power is connected to the inverter power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur.  
Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.
- Geared motors  
If the power transmission mechanism uses an oil-

### When running general-purpose motors

- Driving a 400V general-purpose motor  
When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter using extremely long cables, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output cable with a length of 100m or less. Contact with the motor manufacturer. FULS motors do not require reinforced insulation.
- Torque characteristics and temperature rise  
When the inverter is used to run a general-purpose motor, the temperature of the motor becomes higher than when it is operated using a commercial power supply. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. If constant torque is required in the low-speed range, use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an externally powered ventilating fan.

- Vibration  
When the motor is mounted to a machine, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine, operation of the motor at 60Hz or more may cause vibration.
- Study use of air coupling or dampening rubber.  
It is also recommended to use the inverter jump frequency control to avoid resonance points.

- Noise  
When an inverter is used with a general-purpose motor, the motor noise level is higher than that with a commercial power supply. To reduce noise, raise carrier frequency of the inverter. High-speed operation at 60Hz or more can also result in more noise.

### When running special motors

- High-speed motors  
When driving a high-speed motor while setting the frequency higher than 120Hz, test the combination with another motor to confirm the safety of high-speed motors.
- Explosion-proof motors  
When driving an explosion-proof motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance.
- Submersible motors and pumps  
These motors have a larger rated current than general-purpose motors. Select an inverter whose rated output current is greater than that of the motor.

- Brake motors  
For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, the cooling power must be supplied from the brake power is connected to the inverter power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur.  
Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.
- Geared motors  
If the power transmission mechanism uses an oil-

- Reducing noise  
Use of a filler and shielded wires are typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC specifications are met. Refer to the inverter design technical document (MHTZ11)\* for details.
- Measures against surge currents  
If an overvoltage trip occurs while the inverter is stopped, it is caused by inrush current. It is suggested that the inverter be equipped with a capacitor of the phase-advancing capacitor in the power system.  
We recommend connecting a DC REACTOR to the inverter.

- Megger test  
When checking the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual.

### Wiring

- Wiring distance of control circuit  
When performing remote operation, use the twisted shield wire and limit the distance between the inverter and the control box to 20m.
- Wiring length between inverter and motor  
If long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the inverter will overheat or trip as a result of the overcurrent (high-frequency current flowing into the stray capacitance) in the wires connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an output circuit filter (OFL).
- Wiring size  
Select cables with a sufficient capacity by referring to the current value or recommended wire size.
- Wiring type  
Do not use multicore cables that are normally used for connecting several inverters and motors.
- Grounding  
Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal.

### Selecting inverter capacity

- Driving general-purpose motor  
Refer to the selection of applicable motor ratings listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.
- Driving special motors  
Select an inverter that meets the following condition:  
Inverter rated current > Motor rated current.

### Transportation and storage

When transporting or storing inverters, follow the precautions and conditions that meet the environmental conditions that agree with the inverter specifications.

## Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems Co., Ltd.

Mitsui Sumitomo Bank Ningyo-cho Bldg.,  
5-7 Nihonbashi, Odemma-cho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103-0011, Japan  
Phone: +81-3-5847-8011 Fax: +81-3-5847-8172



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# The performance, reaching the peak in the industry

FRENIC-MEGA is a high performance, multifunctional inverter. Fuji Electric has developed by gathering the best of its technologies. With our own state-of-the-art technology, the control performance has evolved to a new dimension.

FRENIC-MEGA has been developed to use with a variety of equipment by improving the basic performance, meeting the requirements for various applications, achieving lower maintenance, and enhancing the resistance to the environmental impacts.

FRENIC-MEGA, the inverter with the highest performance in the industry, is about to redefine the common sense of general-purpose inverters. Now, it is ready to answer your needs.



## FRENIC MEGA

Maximum Engineering for Global Advantage

### FUJI INVERTERS

With the flexibility and functionality to support a wide range of applications on all types of mechanical equipment, the FRENIC-MEGA takes core capability, responsiveness, environmental awareness, and easy maintenance to the next level.

Characteristics	Model Variations	Keypad Operations	Inverter Support Loader	Standard Specifications	Common Specifications	Common Diagram	Basic Wiring Diagram	Function Settings	External Dimensions	Warranty	Variations
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## High Performance Multifunctional Inverters FRENIC-MEGA Series

Maximum Engineering for Global Advantage

### Improved control performance

- 1 Applicable control methods: PG vector control, sensorless vector control, dynamic torque vector control, and V/f control
- 2 Improved performance of current response and speed response (vector control)
- 3 Improved durability in overload operation  
HD (High duty) spec: 200% for 3 sec. / 150% for 1 min  
LD (Low duty) spec: 120% for 1 min

### Lower maintainance

- 1 Keypad with a USB connector
- 2 Maintenance warning signal output
- 3 Use of parts with a longer life cycle (Designed life: 10 years)  
(Main circuit capacitor, electrolytic capacitor, cooling fan)

### Various applications

- 1 Various functions that accommodate a wide range of applications  
Example: Breakage detection by braking transistor, improved reliability of brake signals, and operation at a specified ratio
- 2 Expanded capacity of the brake circuit built-in model  
(Standard-equipped for 22kW or smaller models)
- 3 Full network support

### Consideration for environment

- 1 Great model variation meeting customers' needs  
Basic type, EMC filter built-in type, and the model compliant with the guideline supervised by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport (available soon)
- 2 Compliance with RoHS Directives (planned)
- 3 Improved resistance to the environmental impact

1. Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the instruction manual and other documents that are provided with the product.  
2. Products introduced in this catalog have not been designed or manufactured for such applications in a system or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers who want to use the products introduced in this catalog for special systems or devices such as atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures such as safety training, safety manuals or facilities that will affect human lives or cause severe damage to property if the products become faulty.

### Safety Precautions

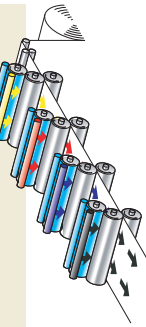


## Best vector control for the general-purpose inverter in the class

### Ideal for highly accurate control such as positioning

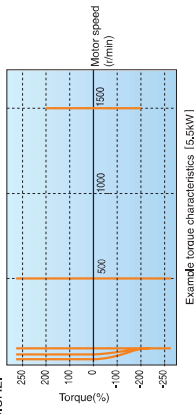
**PG vector control**  
Effective in providing highly accurate control for applications such as offset printing

- Speed control range: 1:1500
  - Speed response: 100Hz
  - Speed control accuracy: ±0.01%
  - Current response: 500Hz
  - Torque accuracy: ±10%
- \* The option card is required separately. (Available soon)  
\* The above specifications may vary depending on the environment or conditions for use.



### Fuji's original dynamic torque vector control has further evolved.

Besides the dynamic torque vector control, the inverter is equipped with the motor constant tuning for compensating even a voltage error of the main circuit devices and the magnetic flux observer of a new system. This realizes a high starting torque of 200% even at a low-speed rotation of 0.3Hz.



### Improved durability in overload operation

The inverter performs short-time acceleration and deceleration with the maximum capacity by achieving better time rating of the overload ratings compared with our previous models. This improves the operation efficiency of the equipment such as cutting machine or conveyance machine.

Overload durability: 200% for 3 sec and 150% for 1 min.

The standard model is available in two specifications concerning the operation load.

Classification	Overload	Major use
HO (High duty spec)	200% for 3 sec; 150% for 1 min	Operator under heavy load
LD (Low duty spec)	120% for 1 min	Operator under light load

### Expanded capacity for the brake circuit built-in models

A brake circuit is built in the 22kW or smaller models as a standard function. These inverters are applicable to the machine that uses regenerative load such as a vertical conveyance machine.

(The 7.5kW or smaller models also incorporate a braking resistor.)  
\* Since the capacity has been further expanded, 30kW to 55 kW models in 200V series and 30kW to 110kW models in 400V series can be manufactured on request.

## Accommodating various applications

### Convenient function for operations at the specified speed

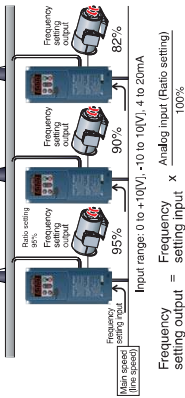
The pulse train input function is equipped as a standard function. It is possible to issue the speed command with the pulse train input (single-phase pulse and a sign of command value) from the pulse generator, etc. (Maximum pulse input: 100kpps)

This function is useful for controlling more than one inverter.



### Ratio operation

The ratio operation is the function particularly convenient for adjusting two or more conveyance systems. The ratio of the main axis speed to the two or more trailing axes can be set as a frequency command. On the machine that handles load variation such as a conveyance machine, the conveyance speed can be adjusted easily.



### Thorough protection of the braking circuit

The inverter protects the braking resistor by monitoring the braking transistor operation. The inverter outputs an **exclusive signal on detection of the braking transistor abnormality**. A circuit for shutting off the input power supply is provided outside of the inverter. When this signal is output, the power is shut off, thus protecting the braking circuit.

Characteristics

Model Variations

Keypad Operations

Inverter Support Laser

Standard Specifications

Common Specifications

Base Wiring Diagram

Function Settings

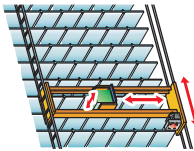
External Dimensions

Warranty

Variations

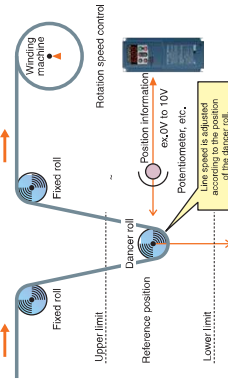
### Optimum function for preventing an object from slipping down

The reliability of the brake signal was increased for uses such as vertical conveyance. Conventionally, the current value and the frequency have been monitored when the brake signal is output. By adding a torque value to these two values, the brake timing can be adjusted more easily.



### Dancer control function optimum for winding control

The PID value, calculated by comparing the target value and the feedback value, is added to or subtracted from the reference speed. Since the PID calculator gain (in proportional range) can be set to a low value, the inverter can be applied to the automatic control system that requires quick response such as a speed controller.



### More functions are available to meet various requirements

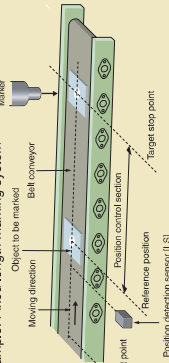
- (1) Analog input (4 to 20mA) through 2 terminals with polarity
- (2) Low liquid level stop function (Pressurized operation is possible before low liquid level stop.)
- (3) Non-linear V/f pattern at 3 points
- (4) Dummy failure output function
- (5) Selection of up to the 4th motor
- (6) S-shaped accel./decel. range setting
- (7) Detecting disconnection of the PID feedback
- (8) Output frequency: 500Hz

## MEGA World Keeps Expanding

### PG option card for positioning control (available soon)

This control function is best suited for the application that requires highly accurate positioning such as that of the conveyance machine. By combined use of the position control device (APR) and PG vector control, the position control accuracy has been remarkably improved. Shortened positioning time by this function will be helpful to reduce the tact time of a cycle.

Example: Fixed length marking system

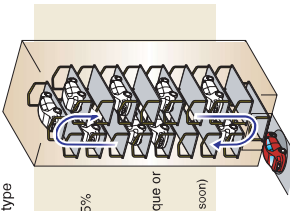


### Maximizing the performance of a general-purpose motor

**Sensorless vector control (available soon)**  
Useful for the application that requires a high starting torque, such as the gondola type multi-level car parking tower.

- Speed control range: 1:200
- Speed response: 20Hz
- Speed control accuracy: ±0.5%
- Current response: 500Hz
- Torque accuracy: ±10%
- Zero speed torque: ±20% torque or over\*

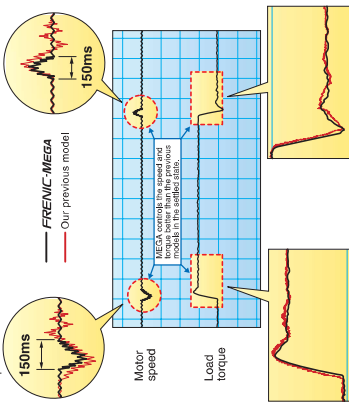
\* The voltage detection option is required separately. (Available soon)



### Improved reaction to the fluctuation of impact load

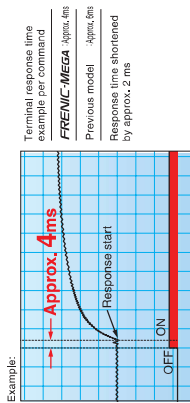
When a remarkable load fluctuation occurs, the inverter provides the torque response in the class-top level. It controls the flux to minimize the fluctuation in the motor speed while suppressing the vibration. This function is best suited for the equipment that requires stable speed such as a cutting machine.

Example:



### Quicker response to the operation commands

The terminal response to the operation commands has had an established reputation. FRENIC-MEGA has further shortened this response time, achieving the industry-top response time. This function is effective in shortening the tact time per cycle and effective for use in the process including frequent repetitions.



## Wide model variation meeting the customer needs

### Wide model variation

- Basic type**  
Suitable for the equipment that uses a peripheral device to suppress noise or harmonics.
- EMC filter built-in type (available soon)**  
This type is designed in compliance with European EMC Directives (2nd Env), and reduces noise generation. Objective standard: European EMC Directives category C3 (2nd Env) \*EN61800-3-2004\*  
\* The EMC filter can be switched between effective and ineffective. Use of EMC filter will increase the leak current.
- Inverter type designed to the guideline specified by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport (available soon)**

The inverter employs a DC reactor and complies with "Standard Specifications for Public Building Construction" supervised by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport. This inverter suppresses harmonics and noise.

- The inverter incorporates the DC reactor, and the zero-phase reactor is supplied together with the inverter to meet the inverter standards stipulated in the Standard Specifications for Public Building Construction (Electric Standard) 2004, published under the supervision by Government Buildings Department in Minister/Secretariat of Land, Infrastructure and Transport.



## Supports for simple maintenance

### The built-in USB port allows use of a personal computer loader for easy information control!

- Improved working efficiency in the manufacturing site
- A variety of data about the inverter body can be saved in the keypad memory, allowing you to check the information in any place.

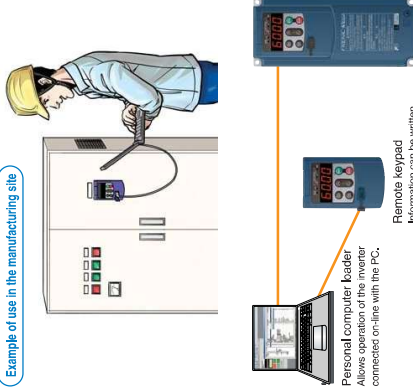
#### Example of use in the office



#### Features

- The keypad can be directly connected to the computer through a commercial USB cable (Mini B) without using a converter. The computer can be connected on-line with the inverter.
- With the personal computer loader, the inverter can support the following functions (1) to (5).
  - Editing, comparing, and copying the function code data
  - Real-time operation monitor
  - Trouble history (indicating the latest four troubles)
  - Maintenance information
  - Historical trace (available soon)

#### Example of use in the manufacturing site



## Network building

### Connection with the network with the option card (available soon)

- SX bus interface card
- CAN-BUS
- Profibus-DP
- Ethernet/IP
- T link interface card
- DeviceNET
- CC-Link
- E-thernet/IP etc.

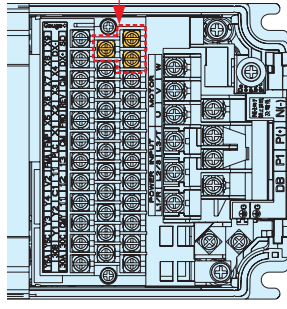
### Advanced network function

#### RS-485 communication is possible as a standard function (terminal base).

Besides the port (RJ-45 connector) shared with the keypad, RS-485 terminal is provided as a standard function. Since the interface is connected through terminals, multi-drop connection can be made with ease.



RS-485 terminal enabling multi-drop connection



## Prolonged service life and improved life judgment function

### Designed life 10 years

For the various consumable parts inside the inverter, their designed lives have been extended to 10 years, which also extended the equipment maintenance cycles.

Consumable part	Designed life
Main circuit capacitor	10 years
Electrolytic capacitor on PCB	10 years
Cooling fan	10 years

**The part life is estimated on condition that the inverter is used at:**  
an ambient air temperature of 40°C and under the load rate of 100% (HD spec) or 80% (LD spec).

\* The designed lives are the calculated values and not the guaranteed ones.

### Full support of life warnings

The inverter is loaded with the functions for facilitating the maintenance of the equipment

Item	Purpose
Cumulative inverter run time (h)	Displays the total run time of the inverter.
Number of inverter startups	Displays the number of times the inverter has started the equipment. <b>Example of Use:</b> This data indicates the timing to replace the equipment parts (such as a timing belt) operating under the normal load.
Equipment maintenance warning Cumulative run time (h) Number of startups	By inputting the signal for operation with the commercial power supply, the time outside the inverter can be measured. This makes it possible to manage the total run time of the equipment and the number of startups. Such data is usable for preparing the maintenance schedule.
Display of inverter life warning	The displayed contents include: main circuit capacitor capacity, total run time of the cooling fan (with ON/OFF compensation), total run time of the electrolytic capacitor on the printed circuit board, and total run time of the inverter.

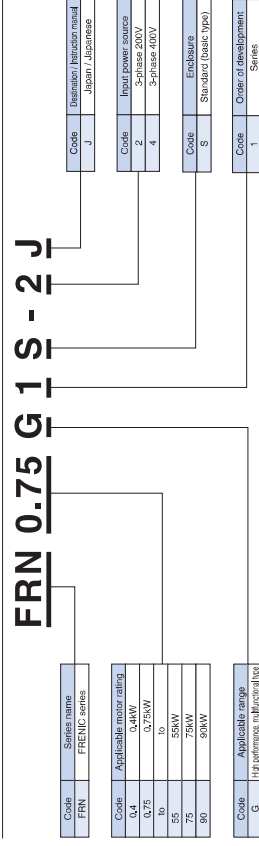
## Model Variations

**Model list**  
HD : High Duty spec 200% for 3 sec, 150% for 1min  
LD : Low Duty spec 120% for 1min

Standard applied motor (kW)	Basic type		3-phase 400 V series
	3-phase 200 V series	LD spec (120%)	
0.4	HD spec (150%)	LD spec (120%)	LD spec (100%)
0.75	FRN0.4G1S-2J	FRN0.4G1S-2J	FRN0.4G1S-4J
1.5	FRN0.75G1S-2J	FRN0.75G1S-2J	FRN0.75G1S-4J
3.2	FRN1.5G1S-2J	FRN1.5G1S-2J	FRN1.5G1S-4J
5.5	FRN2.2G1S-2J	FRN2.2G1S-2J	FRN2.2G1S-4J
7.5	FRN3.0G1S-2J	FRN3.0G1S-2J	FRN3.0G1S-4J
11	FRN3.7G1S-2J	FRN3.7G1S-2J	FRN3.7G1S-4J
18.5	FRN5.5G1S-2J	FRN5.5G1S-2J	FRN5.5G1S-4J
22	FRN7.5G1S-2J	FRN7.5G1S-2J	FRN7.5G1S-4J
30	FRN11G1S-2J	FRN11G1S-2J	FRN11G1S-4J
37	FRN15G1S-2J	FRN15G1S-2J	FRN15G1S-4J
45	FRN18.5G1S-2J	FRN18.5G1S-2J	FRN18.5G1S-4J
55	FRN22G1S-2J	FRN22G1S-2J	FRN22G1S-4J
75	FRN30G1S-2J	FRN30G1S-2J	FRN30G1S-4J
90	FRN37G1S-2J	FRN37G1S-2J	FRN37G1S-4J
110	FRN45G1S-2J	FRN45G1S-2J	FRN45G1S-4J
132	FRN55G1S-2J	FRN55G1S-2J	FRN55G1S-4J
160	FRN75G1S-2J	FRN75G1S-2J	FRN75G1S-4J
200	FRN90G1S-2J	FRN90G1S-2J	FRN90G1S-4J
220	FRN110G1S-2J	FRN110G1S-2J	FRN110G1S-4J
280	FRN132G1S-2J	FRN132G1S-2J	FRN132G1S-4J
*	FRN160G1S-2J	FRN160G1S-2J	FRN160G1S-4J
*	FRN200G1S-2J	FRN200G1S-2J	FRN200G1S-4J
*	FRN220G1S-2J	FRN220G1S-2J	FRN220G1S-4J
*	FRN280G1S-2J	FRN280G1S-2J	FRN280G1S-4J
650	FRN300G1S-4J	FRN300G1S-4J	FRN300G1S-4J
710	FRN360G1S-4J	FRN360G1S-4J	FRN360G1S-4J

[Available soon] The EMC filter built-in type and the zero-voltage reactor/DC reactor built-in type that complies with the guideline supervised by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport will be added to the lineup.  
\*When HD spec of FRN55G1S-2J or FRN55G1S-4J is ordered, no DC reactor is supplied as a standard device. But, when LD spec is ordered, the DC reactor is supplied as a standard device.

### How to read the inverter model



## Consideration for environment

### Enhanced resistance to the environmental impacts

Resistance to the environmental impact has been enhanced compared with the conventional inverter.  
(1) Enhanced durability of the cooling fan operated under the environmental impact  
(2) Adoption of copper bars plated with nickel or tin

In MEGA, resistance to the environmental impact has been increased compared with the conventional model. However, examining the use of the inverter carefully according to the environment in the following cases:  
a. Environment is subject to sulfide gas (at: tire manufacturer, paper manufacturer, sewage disposer, or part of the process in textile industry).  
b. Environment is subject to conductive dust or foreign matters (in metalworking, operation using extruding machine or printing machine, waste disposal).  
c. Others: The inverter is used in the environment of which specification exceeds the specified range.

If you are examining use of the inverter under the above conditions, consult with us regarding the models with enhanced durability.

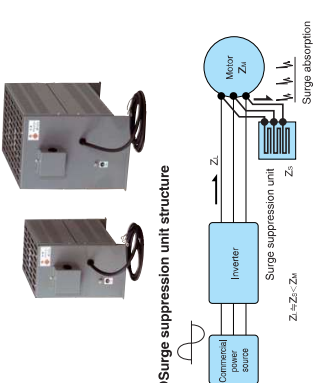
### Compliance with RoHS Directives

MEGA complies with European regulations that limit the use of specific hazardous substances (RoHS) as a standard. This inverter is environment-friendly as the use of the following six hazardous substances is restricted.  
<Six hazardous substances>  
Lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), and polybrominated biphenyl ether (PBDE)  
\* Except the parts of some inverter models  
<About RoHS>  
The Directive 2002/95/EC, promulgated by the European Parliament and European Council, limits the use of specific hazardous substances included in electrical and electronic devices.

### Protection against micro surge (optional)

**Surge suppression unit (optional)**  
If the motor drive cable is long, a very thin surge voltage (micro surge) is generated at the motor connection ends. This surge voltage causes deterioration of the motor, dielectric breakdown, or increase in noise. The surge suppression unit suppresses this surge voltage.

- (1) The unit significantly suppresses the surge voltage when simply connected with the motor.
- (2) Since no additional work is required, it can be easily mounted on the existing equipment.
- (3) The unit is applicable to the motors regardless of their capacity. (However, consult us for application to the motor with a capacity of 75kW or over.)
- (4) The unit requires no power source and no maintenance.
- (5) Two types are available. One for 50m cable and the other for 100m cable.
- (6) Compliant with environmental standard and safety standard (Compliant with RoHS Directives, and application to UL standard pending).

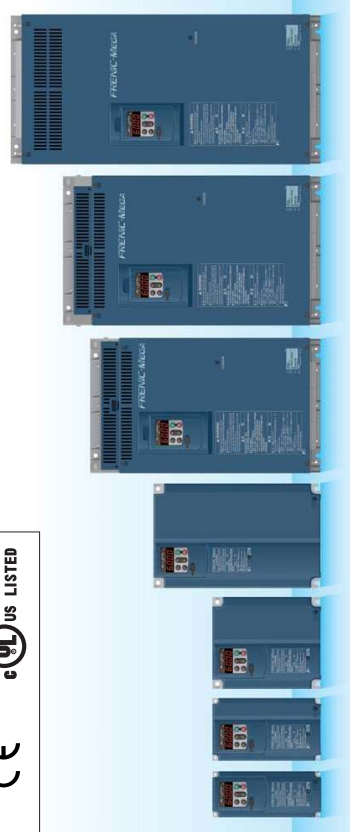


### Wide voltage range

Applicable to 240V and 480V power supplies as standard

### Global compatibility

Application to the world standards pending



**Caution**  
The contents of this catalog are provided to help you select the product model that is best for you. Before the actual use, be sure to read the User's Manual thoroughly for proper operations.



## Standard Specifications (Basic type)

### Three-phase 200V series

#### HD (High Duty) spec for heavy load

Item	Specifications																
	Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)							
Normal applied motor (kW) (1)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
Rated capacity (kVA) (2)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
Rated current [A] (7)	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.2	6.8	10	14	18	24	28	34	45	55	68	81	107	131
Rated current [A] (7)	3	5	8	11	16	27	37	49	63	76	90	119	146	180	215	283	346
Overload capacity	150% for 1min, 200% for 30s																
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz																
Main circuit breaker	Three-phase 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz																
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 200 to 230V, 50/60Hz																
Input ratings	—																
Output ratings	—																
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (8)) Frequency: 5 to -5%																
Rated current [A] (7)	1.6	3.2	6.1	8.9	15	21.1	28.8	42.2	57.6	71.0	84.4	114	138	167	203	262	334
Required power supply capacity (8)	3.1	5.3	9.5	13.2	22.2	31.5	42.7	60.7	80.1	97.0	112	151	185	225	270	350	440
Torque [N·m] (9)	0.5	1.2	2.2	3.1	5.2	7.4	10	15	20	25	30	40	48	58	71	98	116
Braking transistor	Built-in																
Minimum connective resistance	100	40	24	16	19	8	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Torque [%]	100%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%
Built-in braking resistances	—																
Braking time [s]	5s																
%ED	—																
DC injection braking	—																
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Optional																
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C252.No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003																
Enclosure (IEC60529)	IP20 (IEC60529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)																
Cooling method	Natural cooling, Fan cooling																
Weight/Mass [kg]	1.8	2	2.8	3	3.2	6.5	7	7	9.5	9.5	10	26	32	42	42	43	43

### LD (Low Duty) spec for light load

Item	Specifications																
	Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-2J)							
Normal applied motor (kW) (1)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90
Rated capacity (kVA) (2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rated voltage [V] (3)	Three-phase 200 to 240V, (with AVR)																
Rated current [A] (7)	Three-phase 200 to 240V, (with AVR)																
Overload capacity	120% for 1min																
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz																
Main circuit breaker	Three-phase 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz																
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 200 to 230V, 50/60Hz																
Input ratings	—																
Output ratings	—																
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (8)) Frequency: 5 to -5%																
Rated current [A] (7)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Required power supply capacity (8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Torque [N·m] (9)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Braking transistor	Built-in																
Minimum connective resistance	15	12	8	6	5	4	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Torque [%]	100%	120%	130%	140%	140%	150%	150%	150%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Built-in braking resistances	—																
Braking time [s]	3.5s - 3.4s																
%ED	2.2 - 1.4																
DC injection braking	—																
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Optional																
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C252.No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003																
Enclosure (IEC60529)	IP20 (IEC60529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)																
Cooling method	Fan cooling																
Weight/Mass [kg]	6.5	7	7	9.5	9.5	10	26	32	42	42	43	43	43	43	43	43	43

(1) Full 4-pole standard motor  
(2) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.  
(3) When using the inverter in the ambient temperature of 40°C or over and with carrier frequency at 3kHz or higher, adjust the carrier frequency to be the value in ( ) or lower by controlling the heat.  
(4) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(5) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(6) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(7) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(8) Observed when in DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(9) Observed when in DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(10) The 55kW DC reactor (DCR) is optional with HD spec, and is provided as a standard accessory with LD spec.

### Three-phase 400V series

#### (0.4 to 55kW) HD (High Duty) spec for heavy load

Item	Specifications																
	Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)							
Normal applied motor (kW) (1)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55		
Rated capacity (kVA) (2)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55		
Rated current [A] (7)	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.2	6.8	10	14	18	24	28	34	45	55	68	86		
Rated current [A] (7)	3	5	8	11	16	27	37	49	63	76	90	119	146	180	215		
Overload capacity	150% for 1min, 200% for 30s																
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz																
Main circuit breaker	Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50/60Hz																
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50/60Hz																
Input ratings	—																
Output ratings	—																
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (8)) Frequency: 5 to -5%																
Rated current [A] (7)	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.5	7.5	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8	35.5	42.2	57.0	66.5	83.2	102		
Required power supply capacity (8)	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33	43.8	52.3	60.6	77.9	94.3	114	140		
Torque [N·m] (9)	0.6	1.2	2.1	3.2	5.2	7.4	10	15	20	25	30	40	48	58	71		
Braking transistor	Built-in																
Minimum connective resistance	200	160	96	64	46	32	24	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Torque [%]	100%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	180%	
Built-in braking resistances	7200	4700	1900	800	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Braking time [s]	5s																
%ED	—																
DC injection braking	—																
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Optional																
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C252.No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003																
Enclosure (IEC60529)	IP20 (IEC60529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)																
Cooling method	Natural cooling, Fan cooling																
Weight/Mass [kg]	1.8	2	2.8	3	3.2	6.5	7	7	9.5	9.5	10	26	32	42	42	43	

### (75 to 630kW) HD (High Duty) spec for heavy load

Item	Specifications												
	Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			Type (FRN □ □ G1S-4J)			
Normal applied motor (kW) (1)	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630
Rated capacity (kVA) (2)	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630
Rated voltage [V] (3)	Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)												
Rated current [A] (7)	Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)												
Overload capacity	150% for 1min, 200% for 30s												
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz												
Main circuit breaker	Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50/60Hz												
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50/60Hz												
Input ratings	—												
Output ratings	—												
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (8)) Frequency: 5 to -5%												
Rated current [A] (7)	138	164	210	228	286	327	390	500	559	628	705	881	1115
Required power supply capacity (8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Torque [N·m] (9)	86	114	140	165	198	248	271	347	388	458	489	611	773
Braking transistor	—												
Minimum connective resistance	—												
Torque [%]	—												
Built-in braking resistances	—												
Braking time [s]	—												
%ED	—												
DC injection braking	—												
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Standard accessory												
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C252.No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003												
Enclosure (IEC60529)	IP20 (IEC60529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)												
Cooling method	Fan cooling												
Weight/Mass [kg]	43												

(1) Full 4-pole standard motor  
(2) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.  
(3) When using the inverter in the ambient temperature of 40°C or over and with carrier frequency at 3kHz or higher, adjust the carrier frequency to be the value in ( ) or lower by controlling the heat.  
(4) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(5) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(6) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(7) The value is calculated on assumption that the inverter is connected with a power supply capacity of 500kVA (or 10 times the inverter capacity) if the inverter capacity exceeds 50kVA and 10kVA 5%.  
(8) Observed when in DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(9) Observed when in DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(10) The 55kW DC reactor (DCR) is optional with HD spec, and is provided as a standard accessory with LD spec.





## Standard Specifications (EMC filter built-in type)

### Three-phase 400V series

#### (0.4 to 55kW) HD (High Duty) spec for heavy load

Item	Specifications														
	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55
Type(FRN□□□G1E-AJ)															
Normal applied motor [kW] (1)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55
Rated capacity [kVA] (2)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55
Rated current [A] (3)	1.1	1.9	2.8	4.1	6.8	10	14	18	24	29	34	45	57	69	85
Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)															
Rated current [A] (4)	1.15	2.0	2.9	4.2	6.9	10.5	14.5	19	25	30	35	46	58	71	88
Required power supply capacity (5)	150% for 1min, 200% for 3.0s														
Overload capacity	150% for 1min, 200% for 3.0s														
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz														
Main circuit power factor	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V/50/60Hz														
Auxiliary control power input	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency	—														
Auxiliary power input for fan	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency (5)	—														
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to 15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (6)) Frequency: 5 to 5%														
Rated current [A] (7)	0.85	1.6	2.4	3.5	5.4	7.9	10.8	14.4	21.1	26.8	35.1	42.2	57.0	66.5	83.2
with DCR	1.7	3.1	4.6	6.8	10.2	14.8	20.2	27.2	36.2	49.3	60.6	77.9	94.3	114	140
without DCR	1.7	3.1	4.6	6.8	10.2	14.8	20.2	27.2	36.2	49.3	60.6	77.9	94.3	114	140
Required power supply capacity (8)	with DCR														
Torque [%] (9)	150%														
Braking transistor	Built-in														
Minimum connective resistance	200	180	160	140	120	100	80	64	48	32	24	16	—		
Torque [%]	180%	160%	140%	120%	100%	80%	60%	48%	36%	24%	18%	12%	—		
Built-in braking resistor	7200	4700	3000	1900	1200	800	600	—							
Braking time [s]	5	3	2	1.5	1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.15	0.1	0.07	—		
%ED	5%														
DC injection braking	—														
Shunting frequency [0.0 to 60.0]Hz; Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s; Braking level: 0 to 100%															
EMC filter	EMC standard compliance: emission, immunity: category C3 (2nd Env.) (EN61800-3:2004)														
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Optional														
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003														
Enclosure (IEC00529)	IP20 (IEC00529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)														
Cooling method	Natural cooling														
Weight/Mass [kg]	2.0	2.2	3.0	3.2	3.4	7.1	7.6	7.6	10.7	10.7	11.2	26	26	32	36

### Three-phase 400V series

#### (5.5 to 55kW) LD (Low Duty) spec for light load

Item	Specifications														
	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55
Type(FRN□□□G1E-AJ)															
Normal applied motor [kW] (1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rated capacity [kVA] (2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rated current [A] (3)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)															
Rated current [A] (4)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Required power supply capacity (5)	150% for 1min														
Overload capacity	150% for 1min														
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz														
Main circuit power factor	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V, 50/60Hz														
Auxiliary control power input	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency	—														
Auxiliary power input for fan	—														
Phase, voltage, frequency (5)	—														
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to 15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (6)) Frequency: 5 to 5%														
Rated current [A] (7)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
with DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
without DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Required power supply capacity (8)	with DCR														
Torque [%] (9)	70%														
Braking transistor	Built-in														
Minimum connective resistance	64	48	32	24	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Torque [%]	130%	120%	100%	100%	140%	150%	130%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Built-in braking resistor	600	345	—												
Braking time [s]	2.2	1.4	—												
%ED	3%	3.4%	—												
DC injection braking	—														
Shunting frequency [0.0 to 60.0]Hz; Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s; Braking level: 0 to 80%															
EMC filter	Optional														
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Optional														
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003														
Enclosure (IEC00529)	IP20 (IEC00529) closed type, UL open type (UL 50)														
Cooling method	Fan cooling														
Weight/Mass [kg]	7.1	7.8	7.6	10.7	10.7	11.2	26	26	32	36					

#### (75 to 630kW) HD (High Duty) spec for heavy load

Item	Specifications												
	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630
Type(FRN□□□G1E-AJ)													
Normal applied motor [kW] (1)	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630
Rated capacity [kVA] (2)	114	134	160	192	231	287	316	386	445	495	563	731	891
Rated current [A] (3)	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	520	585	650	740	960	1170
Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)													
Rated current [A] (4)	150	176	210	253	304	377	415	520	585	650	740	960	1170
Required power supply capacity (5)	150% for 1min, 200% for 3.0s												
Overload capacity	150% for 1min, 200% for 3.0s												
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz												
Main circuit power factor	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V/50/60Hz												
Auxiliary control power input	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency	—												
Auxiliary power input for fan	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency (5)	—												
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to 15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (6)) Frequency: 5 to 5%												
Rated current [A] (7)	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	559	628	705	881	1115
with DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
without DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Required power supply capacity (8)	with DCR												
Torque [%] (9)	7 to 12%												
Braking transistor	—												
Minimum connective resistance	—												
Torque [%]	—												
DC injection braking	—												
Shunting frequency [0.0 to 60.0]Hz; Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s; Braking level: 0 to 100%													
EMC filter	EMC standard compliance: emission, immunity: category C3 (2nd Env.) (EN61800-3:2004)												
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Standard accessory												
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003												
Enclosure (IEC00529)	IP00 open type, UL open type												
Cooling method	Fan cooling												
Weight/Mass [kg]	43	—											

#### (75 to 630kW) LD (Low Duty) spec for light load

Item	Specifications												
	75	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630
Type(FRN□□□G1E-AJ)													
Normal applied motor [kW] (1)	90	110	132	160	200	220	280	315	355	400	500	630	710
Rated capacity [kVA] (2)	134	160	192	231	287	316	386	445	495	563	731	891	1044
Rated current [A] (3)	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	559	628	705	881	1115
Three-phase 380 to 480V (with AVR)													
Rated current [A] (4)	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	559	628	705	881	1115
Required power supply capacity (5)	150% for 1min												
Overload capacity	150% for 1min												
Rated frequency [Hz]	50, 60Hz												
Main circuit power factor	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V/50/60Hz												
Auxiliary control power input	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency	—												
Auxiliary power input for fan	—												
Phase, voltage, frequency (5)	—												
Voltage, frequency variations	Voltage: 10 to 15% (Voltage unbalance: 2% or less (6)) Frequency: 5 to 5%												
Rated current [A] (7)	138	164	201	238	286	357	390	500	559	628	705	881	1115
with DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
without DCR	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Required power supply capacity (8)	with DCR												
Torque [%] (9)	7 to 12%												
Braking transistor	—												
Minimum connective resistance	—												
Torque [%]	—												
DC injection braking	—												
Shunting frequency [0.0 to 60.0]Hz; Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s; Braking level: 0 to 80%													
EMC filter	EMC standard compliance: emission, immunity: category C3 (2nd Env.) (EN61800-3:2004)												
DC reactor (DCR) (10)	Standard accessory												
Applicable safety standards	UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN61800-5-1:2003												
Enclosure (IEC00529)	IP00 open type, UL open type												
Cooling method	Fan cooling												
Weight/Mass [kg]	43	—											

(1) Fully-fledged standard motor  
(2) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.  
(3) The auxiliary power input is used as an AC fan power input when combining the unit such as high power factor PWM converter with power regenerative function. (Generally not used.)  
(4) The three-phase voltage unbalance ratio (u) = (max. voltage [V] - min. voltage [V]) / (phase average voltage [V]) (UL508C, EN61800-3:2004). Use the DC reactor (DCR) option when using with 2 to 3% of unbalance ratio.  
(5) The three-phase voltage unbalance ratio (u) = (max. voltage [V] - min. voltage [V]) / (phase average voltage [V]) (UL508C, EN61800-3:2004). Use the DC reactor (DCR) option when using with 2 to 3% of unbalance ratio.  
(6) Occurrence when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(7) Average braking torque obtained by use of a motor. (Varies with the efficiency of the motor.)  
(8) Occurrence when a DC reactor (DCR) is used.  
(9) The 55kW DC reactor (DCR) is optional with HD spec, and is provided as a standard accessory with LD spec.

# Common Specifications

Item	Explanation	Remarks
Maximum frequency	-25 to 500Hz (HD spec, V/F control '1', '2', '3') -25 to 200Hz (HD spec, V/F control w/ PG, '4', '5', '7') -25 to 120Hz (HD spec, sensorless vector control '6', LD spec, various controls '1' to '7')	
Base frequency	-25 to 500Hz variable setting (LD spec: 120Hz)	
Starting frequency	-0.1 to 600Hz variable setting (sensorless vector control '6', vector control w/ PG, 0.0Hz for '7')	
Carrier frequency	-0.75 to 16kHz variable setting (HD spec: 0.4 to 5.5kW, LD spec: 5.5 to 22kW) -0.75 to 10kHz variable setting (HD spec: 75 to 400kW, LD spec: 30 to 55kW) -0.75 to 6kHz variable setting (HD spec: 500 to 630kW, LD spec: 75 to 500kW) Note: Frequency limits automatically protect the inverter depending on the internal temperature and output current. (This safe stop function can be canceled.)	
Output frequency accuracy	-Analog setting: $\pm 0.2\%$ of max. frequency (at 25±10°C) '1' - keypad setting: $\pm 0.001\%$ of max. frequency (at -10 to +50°C)	
Setting resolution	-Analog setting: 1/30000 of max. frequency (1/1500 with V2 input) The resolution can be set in the function code, (0.01 to 500Hz) - keypad setting: 0.01Hz (99.99Hz or less), 0.1Hz (100.0 to 500Hz) -Link setting: 1/20000 of max. frequency or 0.01Hz (fixed)	'8
Speed control range	-Min. speed: Base speed 1:1500 (4P 11mm to 1500/min) '7' -Min. speed: Base speed 1:200 (4P 7.5mm to 1500/min) '6' -Min. speed: Base speed 1:100 (4P 15mm to 1500/min, 1024bit) '4', '5' -Min. speed: Base speed 1:4 '7' -Min. speed: Base speed 1:2 '4', '5', '6'	'8 '8
Speed control accuracy	-Analog setting: $\pm 0.2\%$ of max. frequency (at 25±10°C) '4', '5', '7' -Digital setting: $\pm 0.01\%$ of max. frequency (at -10 to +50°C) -Analog setting: $\pm 0.05\%$ or below of base speed (at 25±10°C) '6' -Digital setting: $\pm 0.02\%$ or below of base speed (at -10 to +50°C)	'8
Control method	-V/F control '1' -Dynamic torque vector control '2' -V/F control w/ speed sensor (PG optional) '4' -Dynamic torque vector control w/ speed sensor (PG optional) '5' -Speed sensorless vector control '6' -Vector control w/ speed sensor (PG optional) '7'	'8 '8 '8
Voltage/rect. characteristic	200V -Base frequency and max. output frequency can be set to 80 to 240V in common. -Non-linear V/F setting (3 points): Free voltage (0 to 240V) and frequency (0 to 500Hz) can be set. '1', '4' 100V series -Base frequency and max. output frequency can be set to 160 to 240V in common. -Non-linear V/F setting (3 points): Free voltage (0 to 240V) and frequency (0 to 500Hz) can be set. '1', '4'	
Torque boost	-Auto torque boost (For constant torque load) '1' to '4' -Manual torque boost: Torque boost value can be set between 0.0 and 20.0%, '1', '4' -An applied load can be selected. (For constant torque load and variable torque load) '1', '4'	'8
Shutting torque (HD spec)	-22kW or below: 200% or higher, 30kW or above: 180% or higher/set frequency: 0.3Hz '6' -22kW or below: 200% or higher, 30kW or above: 180% or higher/set frequency: 0.3Hz Base frequency 50Hz, slip compensation and auto torque boost operation 1 to 4	
Start/operation	Start and stop with  and  keys (Remote keypad - supplied as standard) Start and stop with  and  keys (Multifunction keypad - optional) External signals: FWD (REV), RUN, STOP commands (3 wire sensorless) (digital inputs) coast-to-stop, external alarm, alarm reset, etc. Link operation: Operation through RS-485 or field bus (option) communications Switching operation command: Remote/local switching, link switching	
Frequency setting	Keypad operation: Can be set with  and  keys External Volume: Can be set with external potentiometer. (1 to 5KΩ, 12V) Analog input: 0 to $\pm 10V$ DC (5V DC) (0 to $\pm 100\%$ (terminal 12V2), 0 to $\pm 10V$ DC (+5V DC) (+4 to +100% (terminal 12, V2) : +4 to +20mA Dc0 to 100% (terminal C1) UP/DOWN operation: Frequency can be increased or decreased while the digital input signal is ON. Multipulse frequency: Selectable from 16 steps (step 0 to 15) Link operation: Frequency can be set through RS-485. (Standard setting) Switching frequency setting: Frequency setting can be switched (2 settings) with external signal (digital input). Remote/local switching, link switching Auxiliary frequency setting: Terminal 12, C1 or V2 input can be selected respectively as an external input. Operation at a specified ratio: The ratio can be set by analog input signal. Inverse operation: The setting '0' to 100% Dc0 to 100% can be switched for '1' to 10 to 0V Dc0 to 100% by external command. : The setting '4' to +20mA Dc0 to 100% can be switched for +20 to 4mA Dc0 to 100% by external command. Pulse train input: Pulse input - X7 terminal, optional direction = general terminal Complementary output: Max. 100kHz, Open collector output, Max. 30kHz Pulse train input: PG interface option DW/COV pulse, pulse + rotational direction Complementary output: Max. 100kHz, Open collector output, Max. 25kHz	'DC 1 to +5V' can be adjusted with base and analog input gain.
Acceleration/deceleration time	Setting range: Between 0.0 and 6000ms Switch: The four types of accel./decel. time can be set or selected individually (switchable during operation). Acceleration/deceleration pattern: Linear accel./decel., S-curve accel./decel., weak, (strong), full linear accel./decel., local/boost, coast (output) Desat. mode (coast-to-stop): Coast-to-stop at the operation command OFF. Forcible stop decel. time: Deceleration stop by the forcible stop . Auto tuning by shortest accel./decel. mode and optimal accel./decel. mode	'8

Item	Explanation	Remarks
Frequency limiter (Upper limit and lower limit frequencies)	-Both upper and lower limit frequencies can be variably set in Hertz. -It is possible to choose the operation mode when the set frequency drops below the lower limit from between continuous operation at lower limit frequency and operation stop.	
Base frequency	-Gain: Set in the range from 0 to 200%. -Offset: Set in the range from -5.0 to +5.0%. -Filter: Set in the range from 0.00s to 5.00s	
Analog input	-Action points (3 points) and their common jump widths (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.	
Jump frequency	-Operation with  key (remote keypad),  or  key (multifunction keypad), or digital contact input (Exclusive acceleration time setting, exclusive frequency setting)	
Jogging operation	-Trip at power failure: The inverter trips immediately after power failure. -Recovery: After power is restored, the inverter resumes operation after a recovery delay. -Deceleration stop: Deceleration stop at power failure and trip after stoppage. -Continuous operation: Operation is continued using the load inertia stoppage. -Start at the frequency selected before momentary stop: Coast-to-stop at power failure and start after power recovery at the frequency selected before momentary stop. '1' to '3' -Start at starting frequency: Coast-to-stop at power failure and start at the starting frequency after power recovery. '1' to '3' -Starting the inverter by human to prevent overcurrent trip due to stop for energy recovery power like what cannot be carried by an inverter current limit. (This function can be cancelled.) -With commercial power selection command, the inverter outputs 50/60Hz (SW50, SW60). '1' to '3'. The inverter has the commercial power supply selection sequence. -Compensates for decrease in speed according to the load torque. -Decreases the speed according to the load torque.	'8
Auto-restart after momentary power failure	-Switches between 1st or 2nd torque limit values: Torque limit, torque current limit, and power limit are set for each quadrant. '6', '7' -Analog torque limit input	'8
Current limit by hardware	-Automatic reduction of the frequency so that the output current becomes lower than the present operation level. '1' to '5'	
Operation by commercial power supply	-PID estimator for process control and that for deceleration control - Switchable between forward and reverse operations -Low torque load stop function - Preset operation possible below the input level: PID command, keypad analog input from terminals C1, V1, RS485 communication -PID feedback value from terminals C1, C1Z - Alarm output (alarm clear alarm, alarm alarm) - PID output limit - Inverter ready '7' - Address write-8 function	
Slip compensation	-Estimates the speed of the motor running under no load and starts the motor without stopping it. (Motor electric constant needs tuning. Offline tuning) '1' to '3' and '6'	
Dropout control	-If the DC link voltage or regulated torque exceeds the automatic deceleration level during deceleration, the inverter automatically stops the deceleration line to avoid overvoltage trip. (It is possible to select forcible deceleration activated when the deceleration time becomes three times longer.) -If the regulated torque exceeds automatic deceleration level during constant speed operation, the inverter avoids overvoltage trip by increasing the frequency.	
Torque limit	-The output voltage is increased during deceleration to reduce the regenerative energy in the inverter to avoid overvoltage trip. '1', '4'. -The output voltage is controlled to minimize the total sum of the motor loss and inverter loss at a constant speed. (With digital input signal, automatic energy saving mode can be turned ON or OFF by an external device.)	'8
Overload prevention control	-If the ambient temperature or CBRT joint temperature increases due to overload, the inverter lowers the output frequency to avoid overload. -Motor type and fan speed type are available for tuning the motor constant.	
On-line tuning	-Factory type and fan speed type are available for tuning the motor constant.	'8
Cooling fan ON/OFF control	-Used as a motor constant for compensating the temperature change. -The fan control signal can be output to an external device.	
Settings for 2nd to 4th motors	-Switchable among the four motors -Code data for four kinds of specific functions can be switched (even during operation). -It is possible to set the base frequency, rated current, torque boost, and electronic thermal slip compensation as the data for 1st to 4th motors.	
Universal DI	-The status of external digital signal connected with the universal digital input terminal is transferred to the host controller.	
Universal DO	-Digital command signal from the host controller is output to the universal digital output terminal.	
Overload stop function	-The analog command signal from the host controller is output to the analog output terminal. -When the user's command is set to be active like low side or passive like high side, then the user's stop signal (stop) is transferred to the inverter control to permit to search the stop signal. '1' to '5'	'8
Speed control	-Notch filter for vibration control, vibration suppressing observer. '7' -Estimates the GD* value applied to the motor shaft from the load, and automatically controls the ASR system constant. '6' and '7' -Excitation is carried out to create the motor flux before starting the motor. '6' and '7' -The motor speed is held to zero by forcibly zeroing the speed command. '7'	'8
Preliminary excitation	-Stops the inverter and holds the motor in stop position. '7'	
Zero speed control	-Analog torque command input -Speed limit function is provided to prevent the motor from becoming out of control.	'8
Servo lock	-Preventing reverse rotation - Preventing forward rotation -When the inverter is stopped, current is automatically supplied to the motor to keep the motor warm and avoid condensation.	
Torque control '6', '7'	-Available in 10 steps with the functions of 2-input, 1-output, logical operation, and timer function	'8
Rotating direction control	-Speed motor	
Preventing condensation in motor	-Set frequency, output frequency, motor speed, load shaft speed, line speed, speed indication with percent -Output current [A], output voltage [V], calculated torque, input power [kW], PID reference value, PID feedback value, PID output	
Customized logic interface	-Life judgment of the main circuit capacitor, electrolytic capacitor on printed circuit board, and cooling fan -Detailed information of the output to an external device -Ambient temperature -40°C, Load rate inverter rated constant: 100% (LD type: 80%)	
Run/ Stop	-Displays the inverter cumulative running hours, integrated power, cumulative motor running hours, and the number of operation start times (of each motor). -Outputs the warning when the maintenance time or the number of start times has exceeded the present. -Displays the cause of trip. -Shows the light-alarm display (L-AL).	
Inverter life warning	-Shows the light-alarm display (L-AL). -Also saves and displays the detailed data recorded on occurrence of the last four trips.	
Cumulative running hours	-Effective function in V/F control -Effective function when the slip compensation is made active under V/F control -Effective function in dynamic torque vector control (PG option is necessary) -Effective function in dynamic torque vector control with speed sensor (PG option is necessary) -Effective function in vector control without speed sensor (PG option is necessary) -Effective function in vector control with speed sensor (PG option is necessary) -Function not incorporated in the inverters of initial version	
Light-alarm		
Running / trip mode		

### Common Specifications

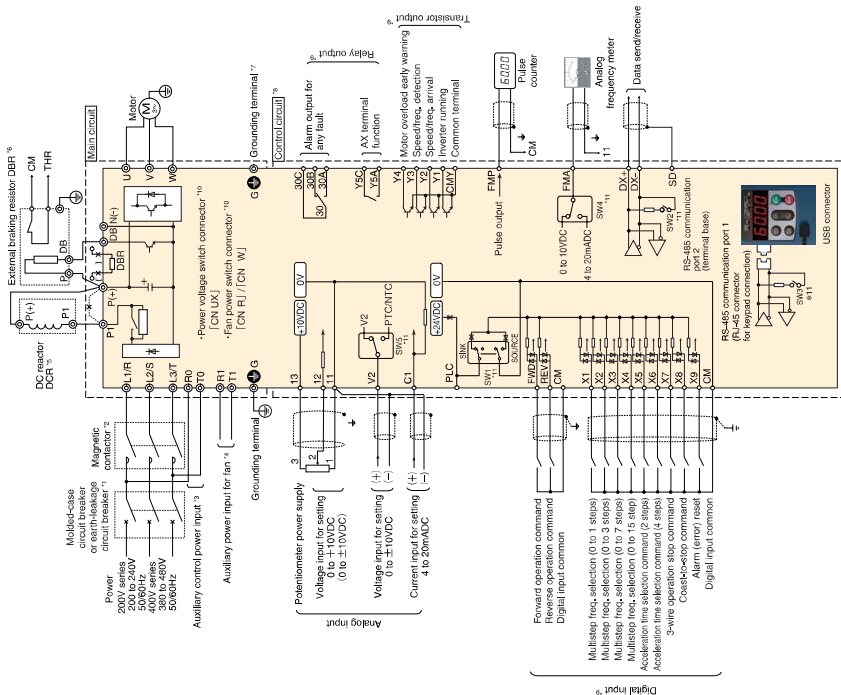
Item	Explanation	Remarks
Overcurrent protection	The inverter is stopped for protection against overcurrent.	
Short circuit protection	The inverter is stopped for protection against overcurrent caused by a short circuit in the output circuit.	OC1, OC2, OC3
Grounding fault protection	The inverter is stopped for protection against overcurrent caused by a grounding fault in the output circuit. (200V 22kW, 400V 22kW or below) - Detecting zero-phase current of output current. The inverter is stopped for protection against overcurrent caused by a grounding fault in the output circuit. (200V 30kW, 400V 30kW or above)	EF
Overvoltage protection	An excessive voltage (200V series: 400V DC, 400V series: 800V DC) in the DC link circuit is detected and the inverter is stopped. If an excessive voltage is applied by mistake, the protection cannot be guaranteed. However, the alarm will not be issued when the re-starting after instantaneous stop is selected.	OUI, OUD, OUG
Under voltage protection	The voltage drop (200V series: 200V DC, 400V series: 400V DC) in the DC link circuit is selected to stop the inverter.	LU
Input phase loss protection	The input phase loss is detected to shut off the inverter output. This function protects the inverter. When the load is connected to a small or DC (PFC) CH is connected a phase loss is not detected.	Lin
Output phase loss protection	Defects breaks in inverter output wiring during running, to shut off the inverter output.	OPH
Overheating protection	Stop the inverter output detecting excess cooling fan temperature in case of a cooling fan fault or overheat.	OH1
	Stop the inverter output detecting inner temperature of the inverter unit for a cooling fan fault or overheat.	OH3
Overheat protection	Protect the braking resistor from over heat by setting the braking resistor electronic thermal function.	dBH
External alarm input	Stop the inverter output detecting a cooling fan temperature of the inverter cooling fan and a switching thermal temperature calculated with the output current.	OLU
Fuse breaking	With the digital input signal (THR) opened, the inverter is stopped with an alarm.	OH2
Charge circuit abnormality	Stop the inverter output detecting the fuse breaking of the main circuit in the inverter. (200V 75kW, 400V 90kW or above)	FUS
Brake transistor abnormality	Stop the inverter detecting the brake transistor abnormality. (DB resistor bulking type only)	dBAL
Over-speed protection 1 to 7	Stop the inverter when the detected speed exceeds 120% of max. output frequency.	OS
PG breakwire	Stop the inverter detecting the PG breaking.	Pg
Electronic thermal	The inverter is stopped with an electronic thermal function set to protect the motor. Protects the general-purpose motor inverter over all frequency range. (The turning level and thermal time constant (0.5 to 750 min) can be set).	OLI ~ OLI1
PTC thermistor	A PTC thermistor input stops the inverter to protect the motor. Connect a PTC thermistor between terminal V2 and I1 and set the switch on control print board and the function code.	OH4
NTC thermistor	The NTC thermistor detects a motor temperature. Connect a NTC thermistor between terminal I2 and I1 and set the switch on control print board and the function code.	nb
NTC thermistor warning	Stop the inverter output detecting the built-in motor NTC breaking.	—
Overheat safety warning	Warning signal is output at the predetermined level before stopping the inverter with electronic thermal function.	E1
Memory error	Data is checked upon power-on and data writing is deleted any fault in the memory and to stop the inverter if any.	E2
Keyboard communication error	The keypad is used to detect a communication fault between the keypad and inverter main body during operation and to stop the inverter.	E3
CPU error	Stop the inverter detecting a CPU error or S/E error caused by noise.	E4
Option communication error	When each option is used, a fault of communication with the inverter main body is detected to stop the inverter.	E5
Option error	When each option is used, the option detects a fault to stop the inverter.	E6
Operation error	When the <b>STOP</b> key on the keypad or entering the digital input signal will forcibly decelerate and stop the motor even if the operation command through signal input or communication is selected. E6 will be displayed after the stop. When the operation method is being ordered when switching the running command method from power-on, alarm reset, or the inverter operation, the operation starts suddenly. This function bans running and displays Err.	—
Tuning error	Stop the inverter output when tuning failure, interruption, or any fault as a result of tuning is detected during tuning for motor constant.	E7
RS-485 communication error (port1)	When the connection port of the keypad command via RS485 fails to detect a communication error, the inverter is stopped and displays an error.	E8
Speed sensor error	Stop the inverter output when the speed deviation exceeds the specified value (difference between speed command and feedback).	E9
Data save error upon underload	When the underload protection function works, an alarm is displayed if the data is not properly saved.	EE
RS-485 communication error (port2)	Stop the inverter output detecting the communication error between the inverter main unit and slave unit via the RS-485 communication port of the board panel used to configure the network.	EP
Hardware error	Stop the inverter output detecting the LSI abnormality of the print board for power supply which is mainly caused by noise.	EHH
Simulation error	Simulated alarm is output by the keypad operation.	Err
PG feedback braking selection	Stop the inverter output detecting a braking when the input current is allocated to the PG control feedback. (Select valid/invalid).	CdF
Alarm relay output (for any fault)	The relay signal is output when the inverter stops upon an alarm.	—
Light-alarm (warning)	The "High-Alarm" display is indicated when alarm or warning matters set as minor troubles occurred. The operation is continued. Registration - Heat sink overheat (OH1), external alarm (OH2), overheat inside the inverter (OH3), motor overheat (OH4), braking resistor overheat (dBr), motor overload (OL-H/L), keypad communication error (E2), optional communication error (E4). Optional objects - Port 1 (E6), Speed warning (excessive speed suppression) (EE), RS-485 error, RS-485 communication error (E8), RS-485 communication error (E9), machine life (number of starting times error), machine life (motor running accumulated time error), machine life (number of starting times error)	L~AL
Stall prevention	Operates when the inverter output goes beyond the manufacturer's guaranteed limiting level and stops during, during acceleration and constant speed operation.	—
Reversal protection	When the motor is tripped and stopped, this function automatically resets the tripping state and restarts operation.	—
Stage protection	The inverter is protected against surge voltage (intensity) between the main circuit power line and ground.	—
Command loss detection	A loss (battery, etc.) of the battery commands is detected to stop a alarm and the operation is continued to the past history list at a rate to the frequency before detection.	—
Momentary power failure protection	A protective function (inverter stoppage) is activated upon a momentary power failure for 15ms or longer.	—
Installation location	If restart upon momentary power failure is selected, the inverter restarts upon recovery of the voltage within the set time.	—
Ambient temperature	- To 10 to +50°C (10 to +100°F, direct sunlight/ Pollution degree 2 (IEC50168-1)). Indoor use only.	—
Ambient humidity	- 5 to 95% RH (without condensation)	—
Altitude	- Lower than 1,000m	—
Vibration	200V 5kW, 400V 90kW or above 3mm; 2 to less than 20Hz 2m/s <sup>2</sup> ; 20 to less than 55Hz; 1m/s <sup>2</sup> ; 55 to less than 200Hz	—
Storage temperature	-25 to +45°C	—
Storage humidity	- 5 to 95% RH (without condensation)	—

1) Effective function in V/F control.  
2) Effective function in vector torque vector control.  
3) Effective function in motor speed control.  
4) Effective function under the V/F control with speed sensor (PG option is necessary).  
5) Effective function in dynamic torque vector control with speed sensor. (PG option is necessary).  
6) Effective function in vector torque vector control.  
7) Effective function in vector control with speed sensor (PG option is necessary).  
8) Function not incorporated in the inverters of initial version.

### Basic Wiring Diagram

#### Wiring of main circuit terminal and grounding terminal

##### Basic wiring diagram



- 1) Install a recommended molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth-leakage circuit-breaker (ELCB) (with an overcurrent protection function) in the primary circuit of the inverter to protect wiring. At this time, ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.
- 2) Install a magnetic contactor (MC) for each inverter to separate the inverter from the power supply, apart from the MCCB or ELCB, when necessary.
- 3) Connect this terminal to the power source to maintain the alarm relay output issued by the protective function or to keep displaying the touch panel at the break of inverter main power.
- 4) The auxiliary input is not necessary to be connected generally. Use this when combining the unit such as high power factor power regenerative PWM converter: RPS series (hereafter described as PWM converter).
- 5) Remove the short bar between P1 and P2 terminals when connecting the DC reactor (DCR) (optional). Be sure to connect the DC reactor since the 35kW motor with LD spec and 75kW or higher motor are equipped with it as the standard accessory. Use the DC reactor when the power supply terminals (capacity is 500VA or higher) and is 10 or more times the rated capacity of the inverter, or a thyristor power supply.
- 6) The built-in braking resistor is connected when connecting an external braking resistor (optional). It is necessary to disconnect the built-in braking resistor when connecting an external braking resistor (optional).
- 7) A grounding terminal for the motor, connect it as necessary.
- 8) For the control signal wires, use shielded or twisted wires. Ground the shielded wires. To prevent malfunction due to noise, keep the control circuit wiring away from the main circuit wiring as far as possible (recommended: 10cm or more). Never install them in the same wire duct.
- 9) Each function assigned for following SAUC is available part as the factory setting: terminal PWD, REV and X1 to X9 (digital input), terminal Y1 to Y4 (digital output).
- 10) The connector to switch the main circuit. See the User's Manual for the detail.
- 11) Various switches on the control print board, which set inverter operation. See the User's Manual for the detail.



# Function Settings

## Function Settings

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control vector	
E09	Terminal [X9] Function	74 (1074) : Count the run time of compensated power given mode 3. (CRUN/MD3) 75 (1075) : Count the run time of compensated power given mode 4. (CRUN/MD4) 76 (1076) : Select drop control 0.00 to 600.0 s (0.00s in 0.1s increments) (1) Show above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal start auto-stop.	X		0	X	
E10	Acceleration Time 2	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			1		
E11	Acceleration Time 3	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			1		
E12	Acceleration Time 4	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			1		
E13	Deceleration Time 2	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			999		
E14	Deceleration Time 3	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			999		
E15	Deceleration Time 4	-300% to 300%, 999 (Disable)			999		
E16	Torque Limiter 2/1	0.00 to 100.00 (%)			0		
E17	Torque Limiter 2/2	0.00 to 100.00 (%)			0		
E18	Terminal [Y3] Function	1 (1001) : Frequency (speed) arrival signal 2 (1002) : Frequency (speed) detected 3 (1003) : Undervoltage detected (Inverter stopped) 4 (1004) : Torque polarity detected 5 (1005) : Inverter output limiting 6 (1006) : Auto-restarting after momentary power failure 7 (1007) : Motor overload early warning 8 (1008) : Keypad operation enabled 9 (1009) : Keypad operation disabled 10 (1010) : Speed limit 1 11 (1011) : Speed limit 2 12 (1012) : Switch motor drive source between compensated power and inverter output (SWS2-1) 13 (1013) : Switch motor drive source between compensated power and inverter output (SWS2-2) 14 (1014) : Select AX terminal function. (For MC on primary side.) (AX) 15 (1015) : Inverter output limiting with delay (IOL2) 22 (1022) : Cooling fan in operation (FAN) 23 (1023) : Auto-resetting (TRY) 24 (1024) : Inversed DO (DOH) 25 (1025) : Heat early warning (LIFE) 30 (1030) : Lifetime alarm (LIFE) 31 (1031) : Frequency (speed) detected 2 (FD2) 33 (1033) : Reference loss detected (REF OFF) 35 (1035) : Inverter output on (OLP) 36 (1036) : Overload prevention control (ID) 37 (1037) : Current detected 2 (ID2) 38 (1038) : Current detected 3 (ID3) 41 (1041) : Low current detected (IDL) 42 (1042) : PID alarm (PID-ALM) 43 (1043) : Under PID control (PID-CTL) 44 (1044) : Motor stopped due to slow flowrate under PID control (PID-STP) 45 (1045) : Low output torque detected (L-TL) 46 (1046) : Torque detected 1 (TD1) 47 (1047) : Torque detected 2 (TD2) 48 (1048) : Motor 1 selected (SMW1) 49 (1049) : Motor 2 selected (SMW2) 50 (1050) : Motor 3 selected (SMW3) 51 (1051) : Motor 4 selected (SMW4) 52 (1052) : Running forward (FRUN) 53 (1053) : Running reverse (RMT) 54 (1054) : In remote operation (THM) 56 (1056) : Motor overheat detected by thermistor (BRS) 57 (1057) : Brake signal (OPB) 58 (1058) : Frequency (speed) detected 3 (OF3) 59 (1059) : Speed limit A (SLA) 60 (1060) : Speed limit B (SLB) 70 (1070) : Speed walk (DZS) 71 (1071) : Speed agreement (DSAG) 72 (1072) : Frequency (speed) arrival signal 3 (FAF3) 76 (1076) : PG error detected (PG-ERR) 84 (1084) : Maintenance timer (MNT) 98 (1098) : Light alarm (L-ALM) 99 (1099) : Alarm output (for any alarm) (ALM) 99 (1099) : Braking triasistor broken (BTRAL) 99 (1099) : Braking triasistor broken (BTRAL)					
E19	Frequency Arrival	(Detection width) 0.0 to 10.0 Hz (Hysteresis width) 0.0 to 500.0 Hz			2.5		
E20	Over-heat Early Warning	0.0 to 500.0 Hz			60.0		
E21	Current Detection	0.0 (Disable)			1.0		
E22	Frequency Detection 1	(Level) 0.0 to 600.0s (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			10.00		
E23	Current Detection 2	(Level) 0.0 to 500.0Hz (Timer) 0.01 to 99.0			10.00		
E24	PID Display Coefficient A	-999 to 0.00 to 9990			10.00		
E25	PID Display Coefficient B	-999 to 0.00 to 9990			10.00		
E26	LED Monitor	0.0 to 5.0 s			0.0		
E27	LED Monitor	0 : Speed monitor (reflect by E48) 1 : Output current 2 : Output voltage 3 : Calculated torque 4 : Consumption power 5 : PID command			0		

## Extension Terminal Functions

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control vector
E43	LED Monitor	(Item selection) 12 : PID feedback amount 14 : PID output 15 : Load factor 16 : Motor output 17 : Analog input 18 : Analog input (%) 23 : Analog input (%) 24 : Magnetic flux command (%) 25 : Input wait-hour 0 : Specified value 1 : Output value 0 : Running status, rotational direction and operation guide 1 : Bar charts for output frequency, current and calculated torque 0 : Japanese 1 : English 2 : German 3 : French 4 : Spanish 5 : Italian (Contrast control) 0 : Low to 10 (High) 1 : Output frequency (Before slip compensation) 2 : Output frequency (After slip compensation) 3 : Reference frequency 4 : Load speed in r/min 5 : Line speed in m/min 7 : Display speed in % 0.01 to 200.00 0 : Function code data editing mode (Menu #0, #1, and #7) 0.000 (Cancel/reset). 0.001 to 9999 1 : Function code data check mode (Menu #2 and #7)			0	
E44	LCD Monitor	(Language selection) 0 : English 1 : French 2 : German 3 : Spanish 4 : Italian			0	
E45	LCD Monitor	(Contrast control) 0 : Low to 10 (High) 1 : Output frequency (Before slip compensation) 2 : Output frequency (After slip compensation) 3 : Reference frequency 4 : Load speed in r/min 5 : Line speed in m/min 7 : Display speed in % 0.01 to 200.00 0 : Function code data editing mode (Menu #0, #1, and #7) 0.000 (Cancel/reset). 0.001 to 9999 1 : Function code data check mode (Menu #2 and #7)			5	
E46	LCD Monitor	(Speed monitor item) 0 : Output frequency (Before slip compensation) 1 : Output frequency (After slip compensation) 2 : Reference frequency 3 : Line speed in r/min 4 : Load speed in m/min 5 : Line speed in m/min 7 : Display speed in % 0.01 to 200.00 0 : Function code data editing mode (Menu #0, #1, and #7) 0.000 (Cancel/reset). 0.001 to 9999 1 : Function code data check mode (Menu #2 and #7)			0	
E47	Coefficient for Speed Indication	0.01 to 200.00			30.00	
E48	Display Coefficient for Input Wait-hour Data	0 : Function code data editing mode (Menu #0, #1, and #7) 0.000 (Cancel/reset). 0.001 to 9999 1 : Function code data check mode (Menu #2 and #7)			0.010	
E49	Keypad	(Menu display mode) 0 : Low to 10 (High) 1 : Output frequency (Before slip compensation) 2 : Output frequency (After slip compensation) 3 : Reference frequency 4 : Load speed in r/min 5 : Line speed in m/min 7 : Display speed in % 0.01 to 200.00 0 : Function code data editing mode (Menu #0, #1, and #7) 0.000 (Cancel/reset). 0.001 to 9999 1 : Function code data check mode (Menu #2 and #7)			0	
E50	Frequency Detection 3	(Level) 0.0 to 500.0Hz (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			60.0	
E51	Current Detection 3	(Level) 0.0 to 600.0s (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			10.00	
E52	Terminal [I2] Extended Function	1 : Auxiliary frequency command 1 2 : Auxiliary frequency command 2 3 : PID command 4 : PID feedback amount 5 : Ratio setting 6 : Analog torque limit value A 7 : Analog torque limit value B 8 : Analog torque limit value B 20 : Analog input monitor			0	
E53	Terminal [V2] Extended Function	0 : Automatic saving (when main power is turned OFF) 1 : Saving by pressing key 2 : Decelerate to stop, 20% to 120%, 999: Disable 0% to 300% (Level) 0.01 to 600.0s (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			999	
E54	Torque Detection 1	(Level) 0% to 300% (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			100	
E55	Torque Detection 2	(Level) 0% to 300% (Timer) 0.01 to 600.0s			20.00	
E56	Terminal [REV] Function	0 (1000) : Select multi-frequency (0 to 1 steps) 1 (1001) : Select multi-frequency (0 to 3 steps) 2 (1002) : Select multi-frequency (0 to 7 steps) 3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency (0 to 15 steps) 4 (1004) : Select ACC/DEC time (2 steps) 5 (1005) : Select ACC/DEC time (4 steps) 6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation (BSTOP) 7 (1007) : Reset alarm (RST) 8 (1008) : Enable external alarm input (9 = Active OFF, 1009 = Active ON) (THR) 9 (1009) : Ready for logging (JOG) 10 (1010) : Select frequency command 2/1 (HZ2/H-1) 11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/2 (HZ2/H-2) 12 (1012) : Select motor 2 (M2) 13 : Enable DC braking (DCBRK) 14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level 2/1 (L2/TL1) 15 : Switch to compensated power (60 Hz) (SW2-1) 16 : Switch to compensated power (60 Hz) (SW2-2) 17 (1017) : JUP (Increase output frequency) (JUP) 18 (1018) : DOWN (Decrease output frequency) (DOWN) 19 (1019) : Enable data change with keypad (WE-KP) 20 (1020) : Cancel PID control (Hz/PID) 21 (1021) : Switch normal/inverse operation (IVS) 22 (1022) : Inhibit (IL) 24 (1024) : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus (LE) 25 (1025) : Universal DI (U-DI) 26 (1026) : Enable auto search for falling motor speed at starting (STM)				

The related function codes ( ) are applicable to the following items:  
\*1: 6.00 s for motors with a capacity of 22 kW or below, 20.00 s for those with 30 kW or above.  
\*2: Data change, reflection and strings. ( ) : Not available. ( ) : After changing data with using keys, execute and save data by pressing key. ( ) : After changing and executing data with using keys, save the data by pressing key.  
\*3: The motor rated current is automatically set. See Table 5.2 (function code P10).



## Function Settings

### ● H codes: High Performance Functions

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
						V/F Vector
<b>R30</b>	Communications Link Function (Mode selection)	Run command 7: RS-485 (Port 1) 8: RS-485 (Port 2)				
<b>R43</b>	Charge/discharge of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacement of DC link bus capacitor 0000 to FFFF (hex.)		X		
<b>R43</b>	Continuous run time of Cooling Fan	Indication for replacement of DC link bus capacitor 0000 to FFFF (hex.) (in units of 10 hours)		X		
<b>R44</b>	Startup Counter for Motor 1	Indication of cumulative startup count 0000 to FFFF (hex.) 0: Disable 1: Mock alarm		X		
<b>R45</b>	Starting Mode	Auto search delay time 2 0.1 to 10.0 s		X		
<b>R47</b>	Initial Charge/discharge of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacement of DC link bus capacitor 0000 to FFFF (hex.)		X		
<b>R48</b>	Starting Mode	Indication for replacement of DC link bus capacitor 0000 to FFFF (hex.) (in units of 10 hours)		X		
<b>R49</b>	Non-linear V/F Pattern 1 (Frequency)	0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)		X		
<b>R50</b>	Non-linear V/F Pattern 2 (Frequency)	0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)		X		
<b>R51</b>	Acceleration Time (Coasting)	0.0 to 600.0 s		X		
<b>R52</b>	Deceleration Time (Coasting)	0.0 to 600.0 s		X		
<b>R53</b>	Start-up Ramp	0.0 to 100.0%		X		
<b>R54</b>	1st S-curve acceleration ramp	0.0 to 100.0%		X		
<b>R55</b>	2nd S-curve acceleration ramp	0.0 to 100.0%		X		
<b>R56</b>	1st S-curve deceleration ramp	0.0 to 100.0%		X		
<b>R57</b>	2nd S-curve deceleration ramp	0.0 to 100.0%		X		
<b>R57</b>	UP/DOWN Control (Initial frequency setting)	0: 0.00 Hz 1: Last UP/DOWN command value on releasing the run command		X		
<b>R58</b>	Low Limiter (Mode selection)	0: Limit by F16 (Frequency limiter: Low) and continue to run 1: Enable in all modes		X		
<b>R59</b>	Lower Limiting frequency	0.0 to 500.0 Hz		X		
<b>R60</b>	Non-linear V/F Pattern 3 (Frequency)	0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 0.0 to 500.0 Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)		X		
<b>R61</b>	Auto Energy Saving Operation (Mode selection)	0: Enable during running at constant speed 1: Enable in all modes		X		
<b>R62</b>	Slip Compensation 1 (Operating conditions)	0: Enable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above 1: Disable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above 2: Enable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above 3: Disable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above		X		
<b>R63</b>	Automatic Deceleration (Mode selection)	0: Disable 1: Enable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above 2: Torque limit control with Force-stop 1 actual deceleration time exceeds three times the specified one 3: DC link bus voltage control with Force-stop 1 actual deceleration time exceeds three times the specified one 4: Torque limit control with Force-stop 2 disabled 5: DC link bus voltage control with Force-stop 2 disabled		X		
<b>R70</b>	Overload Prevention Control	0.00: Follow the deceleration time selected 0.01 to 100.0 Hz/s 999: Cancel			999	
<b>R71</b>	Deceleration Characteristics	0: Enable 1: Enable				
<b>R72</b>	Main Power Down Detection (Mode selection)	0: Enable 1: Enable				
<b>R73</b>	Torque Limiter (Operating conditions)	0: Enable during ACC/DEC and running at constant speed 1: Disable during ACC/DEC and enable during running at constant speed 2: Enable during ACC/DEC and disable during running at constant speed		X		
<b>R75</b>	Frequency increment limit for braking	0.0 to 5000.0 Hz				
<b>R76</b>	Speed limit of DC link bus capacitor (Remaining time)	0 to 6799 (in units of 10 hours)				
<b>R78</b>	Phase Start-up Delay Time	0.000 to 999.999 (in units of 10 hours)				
<b>R79</b>	Phase Start-up Delay Time for Maintenance (M1)	0.000 to 999.999 (in units of 10 hours)				
<b>R80</b>	Over Current Release Timing Shift for Motor 1	0.000 to 0.400 (in units of 10 hours)				
<b>R81</b>	Light Alarm Selection 1	0.000 to FFFF (hex.)				
<b>R82</b>	Light Alarm Selection 2	0.000 to FFFF (hex.)				
<b>R85</b>	Pre-excitation (Initial level)	100% to 400%				
<b>R86</b>	Reserved	0.00: Disable; 0.01 to 30.00 s				
<b>R87</b>	Reserved	0.0 to 100.0 Hz				
<b>R88</b>	Reserved	0.0 to 9.999				
<b>R89</b>	Reserved	0.1				
<b>R90</b>	Reserved	0.1				
<b>R91</b>	Feedback Wire Break Detection	0.0: Disable alarm detection 0.1 to 60.0 s				
<b>R92</b>	Continuity of Running	(P) 0.000 to 10.000 times; 999				
<b>R93</b>	Cumulative Motor Run Time 1	(I) 0.010 to 10.000 s; 999				
<b>R94</b>	DC Braking (Isolator characteristics)	0: Slow 1; Quick 1: 0.999 (The cumulative run time can be modified or reset in units of 10 hours)				
<b>R95</b>	Start Check Function	0: Disable 1: Enable 2: Disable 3: Enable				
<b>R97</b>	Clear Alarm Data	0: Disable 1: Enable (Setting 1: clears alarm data and then returns to "0")		X		
<b>R98</b>	Protection/Maintenance Function (Mode selection)	0 to 127: Display data in decimal format 128: Lower the carrier frequency automatically (0: Disabled; 1: Enabled) 129: Lower the carrier frequency automatically (0: Disabled; 1: Enabled) 130: Detect output phase loss		X		

### ● H codes: High Performance Functions

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
						V/F Vector
<b>R98</b>	Protection/Maintenance Function (Mode selection)	Blk 3: Select the judgment threshold of DC link bus capacitor (0: Factory default; 1: Customer's setting) Blk 4: Judge the life of DC link bus capacitor (0: Disabled; 1: Enabled) Blk 5: Detect DC fan lock Blk 6: Detect braking transistor error (for 22 kW or below) (0: Disabled; 1: Enabled)			83	
<b>A codes: Motor 2 Parameters</b>						
<b>R01</b>	Maximum Frequency 2	25.0 to 500.0 Hz		X		
<b>R02</b>	Base Frequency	25.0 to 500.0 Hz		X		
<b>R03</b>	Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 2	0: AVR-controlled voltage Output a voltage in proportion to input voltage 80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)		X		
<b>R04</b>	Maximum Output Voltage 2	80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)		X		
<b>R05</b>	Torque Boost 2	0.0% to 20.0% (Percentage with respect to Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 2)		X		
<b>R06</b>	Blow-off Thermal Overhaul Protection for Motor 2	1: For a general-purpose motor with shaft-driven cooling fan 2: For an inverter-driven motor, non-centrifugal motor, or motor with separately powered cooling fan		X		
<b>R07</b>	Speed detection filter (Speed detection level)	0.0 to 10.0 Hz		X		
<b>R08</b>	DC Braking 2 (Braking start frequency)	0.0 to 65.0 Hz		X		
<b>R09</b>	DC Braking 2 (Braking level)	0% to 100%		X		
<b>R10</b>	Starting Frequency 2	0.00: Disable; 0.01 to 30.00 s		X		
<b>R11</b>	Load Selection/ Auto Torque Boost/ Auto Energy Saving Operation 2	0: Variable torque load 1: Constant torque load 2: Auto-torque boost 3: Auto-torque boost 4: Auto-energy saving operation (Variable torque load during ACC/DEC) 5: Auto-energy saving operation (Constant torque load during ACC/DEC)		X		
<b>R14</b>	Drive Control Selection 2	0: V/F control with slip compensation inactive 1: Dynamic torque vector control 2: V/F control with slip compensation active 6: Vector control with speed sensor		X		
<b>R15</b>	Motor 2 (No. of poles)	2 to 22 poles		X		
<b>R16</b>	Rated capacity (Rated capacity)	0.01 to 1000 kW (when A39 = 0, 2, 3 or 4) 0.01 to 1000 kVA (when A39 = 1)		X		
<b>R17</b>	(Auto-tuning) (Auto-tuning)	0: Disable		X		
<b>R18</b>	(No-load current) (No-load current)	1: Tune while the motor stops (%R1, %X and rated slip frequency) 2: Tune while the motor is running under vector control (V, %X and rated slip frequency) 3: Tune while the motor is running under vector control (V, %X and rated slip frequency) (vector control: magnetic saturation factors 1 to 5, and magnet saturation extension factors 1 to 5; Available when the vector control is enabled)		X		
<b>R20</b>	(No-load current) (No-load current)	0.00 to 2000 A		X		
<b>R21</b>	(No-load current) (No-load current)	0.00% to 50.00%		X		
<b>R22</b>	(No-load current) (No-load current)	0.00% to 50.00%		X		
<b>R23</b>	(Slip compensation gain for driving) (Slip compensation gain for driving)	0.0% to 200.0%		X		
<b>R24</b>	(Slip compensation response time) (Slip compensation response time)	0.01 to 10.00 s		X		
<b>R25</b>	(Slip compensation gain for braking) (Slip compensation gain for braking)	0.0% to 200.0%		X		
<b>R26</b>	(Slip compensation response time for braking) (Slip compensation response time for braking)	0.00 to 15.00 Hz		X		
<b>R27</b>	(Iron loss factor 1) (Iron loss factor 1)	0.00% to 20.00%		X		
<b>R28</b>	(Iron loss factor 2) (Iron loss factor 2)	0.00% to 20.00%		X		
<b>R29</b>	(Iron loss factor 3) (Iron loss factor 3)	0.00% to 20.00%		X		
<b>R30</b>	(Magnetic saturation factor 1) (Magnetic saturation factor 1)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R31</b>	(Magnetic saturation factor 2) (Magnetic saturation factor 2)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R32</b>	(Magnetic saturation factor 3) (Magnetic saturation factor 3)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R33</b>	(Magnetic saturation factor 4) (Magnetic saturation factor 4)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R34</b>	(Magnetic saturation factor 5) (Magnetic saturation factor 5)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R35</b>	(Magnetic saturation extension factor a) (Magnetic saturation extension factor a)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R36</b>	(Magnetic saturation extension factor b) (Magnetic saturation extension factor b)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R37</b>	(Magnetic saturation extension factor c) (Magnetic saturation extension factor c)	0.0% to 300.0%		X		
<b>R38</b>	Motor 2 Selection	0: Motor characteristics 0 (Fuji standard motors: S-series) 1: Motor characteristics 1 (Fuji standard motors: S-series) 2: Motor characteristics 2 (Fuji standard motors: S-series) 3: Motor characteristics 3 (Fuji standard motors: S-series) 4: Other motors		X		
<b>R40</b>	Slip Compensation 2 (Operating conditions)	0: Enable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above 1: Disable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above 2: Enable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above 3: Disable during ACC/DEC and at base frequency or above		X		
<b>R41</b>	Output Current Regulation Gain for Motor 2	0.00 to 0.40 (Switch to the 2nd motor)		X		
<b>R42</b>	Motor Parameter (Motor selection)	0: 0.00 to 5.000 s 1: Parameter (Switch to the 2nd motor)		X		
<b>R43</b>	Speed Control (Speed command filter) (Speed command filter)	0.000 to 5.000 s		X		
<b>R44</b>	(Speed detection filter) (Speed detection filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s		X		
<b>R45</b>	(Gain) (Gain)	P (Gain) 0.1 to 200.0 times I (Integral time) 0.001 to 1.000 s O (Output filter) 0.000 to 0.100 s		X		
<b>R46</b>	(Integral time) (Integral time)	0.001 to 1.000 s		X		
<b>R47</b>	(Output filter) (Output filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s		X		

The standard function codes (C codes) are applicable to the quick status.  
 \* The factory default differs depending upon the inverter's capacity. See Table 5.1.  
 \* The motor constant is automatically set, depending upon the inverter's capacity. See Table 6.2.  
 \* 0: For inverters with a capacity of 22 kW or below; 20 for inverters with 30 kW or above.  
 \* 0: For inverters with a capacity of 22 kW or below; 20 for inverters with 30 kW or above.  
 \* After changing data with using key, key, execute and save data by pressing key.  
 \* After changing and executing data with using key, save the data by pressing key.





# Function Settings

## Function Settings

### J codes: Application Functions 1

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
					V/f	Vector
J07	PID Control (Mode selection)	0: Disable 1: Enable (Process control, normal operation) 2: Enable (Process control, inverse operation) 3: Inverse operation (Normal) 4: Inverse operation (Invert)	X	○	0	○
J08	(Remots command SV)	0: -1: Inverse operation (Normal) 1: PID process command 1 (Analog input terminals [I2], [C1], and [V2]) 2: UP/DOWN 3: UP/DOWN 4: Command via communications link	X	○	0	○
J09	P (Gain)	0.000 to 30,000 times	○	○	0.100	○
J10	I (Integral time)	0.0 to 3600.0 s	○	○	0.0	○
J11	D (Differential time)	0.00 to 600.00 s	○	○	0.00	○
J12	(Feedback filter)	0.0 to 100.0 s	○	○	0.0	○
J13	Pressurization (Running frequency)	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	○	○	0.0	○
J14	(Reset time)	0.0 to 60.0 s	○	○	0.0	○
J15	(Anti reset windup)	0% to 200%	○	○	200	○
J16	(Select alarm output)	0: Absolute-value alarm 1: Absolute-value alarm (with Hold) 2: Absolute-value alarm (with Latch) 3: Absolute-value alarm (with Hold and Latch) 4: Deviation alarm 5: Deviation alarm (with Latch) 6: Deviation alarm (with Hold and Latch) 7: Deviation alarm (with Hold and Latch)	○	○	0	○
J17	(Upper level alarm (AHL))	-100% to 100%	○	○	100	○
J18	(Lower level alarm (ALL))	-100% to 100%	○	○	0	○
J19	(Stop frequency for slow flowrate)	0.0: Disable, 1.0 to 500.0 Hz	○	○	0	○
J20	(Slow flowrate stop latency)	0 to 60 s	○	○	30	○
J21	(Starting frequency)	0.0 to 500.0 Hz	○	○	0.0	○
J22	(Upper limit of PID process output)	-150% to 150%, 999: Depends on setting of F15	○	○	999	○
J23	(Lower limit of PID process output)	-150% to 150%, 999: Depends on setting of F16	○	○	999	○
J24	(Dead time)	0.0 to 15.0 s	○	○	0.0	○
J25	Commercial Power Switching	0: Keep inverter operation (Stop due to alarm) 1: Automatically switch to commercial-power operation	X	○	0	○
J26	PID Control (Speed command filter)	0.00 to 5.00 s	○	○	0.10	○
J27	(Dancer reference position)	-100% to 0% to 100%	○	○	0	○
J28	(Deviation with dancer position deviation)	0: Disable switching PID constant 1% to 100% (Manually set value)	○	○	0	○
J29	P (Gain) 2	0.000 to 30,000 times	○	○	0.100	○
J30	I (Integral time) 2	0.0 to 3600.0 s	○	○	0.0	○
J31	D (Differential time) 2	0.00 to 600.00 s	○	○	0.00	○
J32	(PID control block selection)	0 to 3 bit 0: PID output characteristics bit 1: Plus (add), 1: Minus (subtract) bit 1: Select compensation factor of output ratio 0 = Ratio (relative to the main setting) 1 = Speed command (relative to maximum frequency)	X	○	0	○
J33	Braking Signal (Brake-Off current)	0% to 100%	○	○	100	○
J34	(Brake-Off frequency)	0.0 to 250.0 Hz	○	○	1.0	○
J35	(Brake-ON frequency)	0.0 to 5.0 s	○	○	1.0	○
J36	(Brake-ON frequency/speed)	0.0 to 250.0 Hz	○	○	1.0	○
J37	(Brake-ON timer)	0.0 to 5.0 s	○	○	1.0	○
J38	(Brake-OFF torque)	0% to 300%	○	○	100	○
J39	(Speed selection)	0: Detected speed 1: Commanded speed	○	○	0	○

### J codes: Application Functions 2

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
					V/f	Vector
J40	Speed control 1 (Speed command filter)	0.000 to 5,000 s	○	○	0.020	○
J41	(Speed detection filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s	○	○	0.005	○
J42	P (Gain)	0.1 to 200.0 times	○	○	10.0	○
J43	I (Integral time)	0.001 to 1,000 s	○	○	0.100	○
J44	(Output filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s	○	○	0.002	○
J45	Speed control (Output filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s	○	○	0.002	○
J46	(Speed command filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s	○	○	0.002	○
J47	(Speed detection filter)	0.1 to 200.0 times	○	○	10.0	○
J48	I (Integral time)	0.001 to 1,000 s	○	○	0.100	○
J49	(Output filter)	0.000 to 0.100 s	○	○	0.002	○
J50	Feedback Input (Pulse input property)	0: Pulse train sign/pulse train input 1: Forward rotation pulse/Reverse rotation pulse 2: AB phase with 90 degree phase shift	X	○	2	○
J51	(Encoder pulse resolution)	20 to 60,000	X	○	1024	○
J52	(Pulse count factor 1)	1 to 9999	○	○	1	○
J53	(Pulse count factor 2)	1 to 9999	○	○	1	○
J54	Speed Agreement Error (Hysteresis with (Detection timer))	0.0% to 50.0%	○	○	10.0	○
J55	PG Error Processing	0: Continue to run 1: Stop running with alarm 1 2: Stop running with alarm 2	X	○	0	○
J56	Zero Speed Control	0: Not permit at startup 1: Permit at startup	X	○	0	○
J57	ASR Switching Time	0.000 to 1,000 s	○	○	0.000	○

### J codes: Application Functions 2

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
					V/f	Vector
J57	Reserved	0 to 500	X	○	10	○
J58	Reserved	0 to 500	X	○	10	○
J59	Reserved	0 to 500	X	○	10	○
J60	Reserved	0 to 500	X	○	10	○
J61	Command	0: Enable compensation 1: Disable compensation 2: Forward rotation pulse/Reverse rotation pulse 3: UP/DOWN	X	○	0	○
J62	(Pulse train input)	0: Pulse train sign/pulse train input 1: Forward rotation pulse/Reverse rotation pulse 2: AB phase with 90 degree phase shift	X	○	0	○
J63	(Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5,000 s	○	○	0.005	○
J64	(Pulse count factor 1)	1 to 9999	X	○	1	○
J65	(Pulse count factor 2)	1 to 9999	X	○	1	○

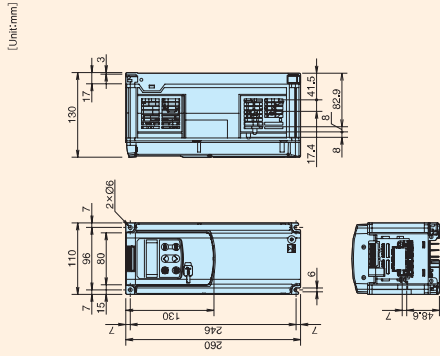
### J codes: LINK Functions

Code	Name	Data setting range	Change when running	Data copying	Default setting	Drive control
					V/f	Vector
J66	RS485 Communication 1 (Station address)	1 to 255	X	○	1	○
J67	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm E-rB 1: Trip with alarm erB after running for the period specified by timer E-rB 2: Retry during the period specified by timer y03. If the retry fails, trip with alarm E-rB. If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	○	○	0	○
J68	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0 s	○	○	2.0	○
J69	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	○	○	3	○
J70	(Data length)	0: 8 bits 1: 7 bits	○	○	0	○
J71	(Parity bits check)	0: None (2 stop bit) 1: Even parity (1 stop bit) 2: Odd parity (1 stop bit) 3: Odd parity (2 stop bit) 4: 1: 1 bit	○	○	0	○
J72	(No-response error detection time)	0: No detection; 1 to 60 s	○	○	0	○
J73	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00 s	○	○	0.01	○
J74	(Protocol selection)	0: Modbus RTU protocol 1: FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol) 2: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	○	○	1	○
J75	RS485 Communication 3 (Station address)	1 to 255	X	○	1	○
J76	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm E-rP 1: Trip with alarm erP after running for the period specified by timer E-rP 2: Retry during the period specified by timer E-rP. If the retry fails, trip with alarm erP. If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	○	○	0	○
J77	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0 s	○	○	2.0	○
J78	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	○	○	3	○
J79	(Data length)	0: 8 bits 1: 7 bits	○	○	0	○
J80	(Parity bits check)	0: None (2 stop bit) 1: Even parity (1 stop bit) 2: Odd parity (1 stop bit) 3: Odd parity (2 stop bit) 4: 1: 1 bit	○	○	0	○
J81	(Stop bits)	0: No detection; 1 to 60 s	○	○	0	○
J82	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00 s	○	○	0.01	○
J83	(Protocol selection)	0: Modbus RTU protocol 1: FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol) 2: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	○	○	1	○
J84	RS485 Communication 3 (Station address)	1 to 255	X	○	1	○
J85	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm E-rP 1: Trip with alarm erP after running for the period specified by timer E-rP 2: Retry during the period specified by timer E-rP. If the retry fails, trip with alarm erP. If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	○	○	0	○
J86	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0 s	○	○	2.0	○
J87	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	○	○	3	○
J88	(Data length)	0: 8 bits 1: 7 bits	○	○	0	○
J89	(Parity bits check)	0: None (2 stop bit) 1: Even parity (1 stop bit) 2: Odd parity (1 stop bit) 3: Odd parity (2 stop bit) 4: 1: 1 bit	○	○	0	○
J90	(Stop bits)	0: No detection; 1 to 60 s	○	○	0	○
J91	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00 s	○	○	0.01	○
J92	(Protocol selection)	0: Modbus RTU protocol 1: FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol) 2: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	○	○	1	○
J93	RS485 Communication 3 (Station address)	1 to 255	X	○	1	○
J94	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm E-rP 1: Trip with alarm erP after running for the period specified by timer E-rP 2: Retry during the period specified by timer E-rP. If the retry fails, trip with alarm erP. If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	○	○	0	○
J95	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0 s	○	○	2.0	○
J96	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	○	○	3	○
J97	(Data length)	0: 8 bits 1: 7 bits	○	○	0	○
J98	(Parity bits check)	0: None (2 stop bit) 1: Even parity (1 stop bit) 2: Odd parity (1 stop bit) 3: Odd parity (2 stop bit) 4: 1: 1 bit	○	○	0	○
J99	(Stop bits)	0: No detection; 1 to 60 s	○	○	0	○
J100	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00 s	○	○	0.01	○
J101	(Protocol selection)	0: Modbus RTU protocol 1: FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol) 2: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	○	○	1	○
J102	Communication Data Storage Selection	0: Save into nonvolatile storage (rewritable times limited) 1: Save into volatile storage (rewritable times unlimited) 2: Save all data into non-volatile storage (rewritable times limited, the data is automatically deleted in 1h)	○	○	0	○
J103	Bus Link Function (Mode selection)	0: Follow H30 data 1: Via field bus option 2: Follow H30 data 3: Via field bus option	○	○	0	○
J104	Loader Link Function (Mode selection)	0: Frequency command 1: Follow H30 data 2: Follow H30 data 3: Via field bus option	○	○	0	○

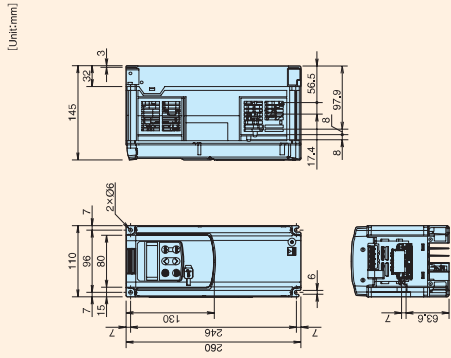
\*Data change, reflection and storage: [X] Not available. After changing data with using [F] keys, save the data by pressing [F] key. After changing and executing data, with using [F] keys, save the data by pressing [F] key.

## External Dimensions(Basic Type, EMC Filter Built-in Type)

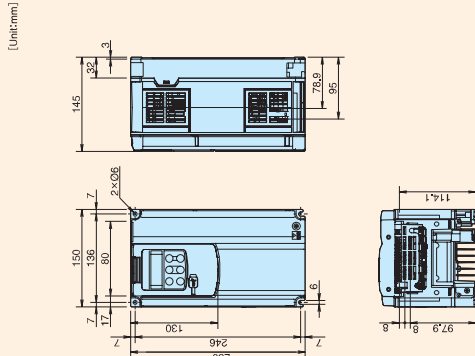
● Inverter main body (0.4kW)



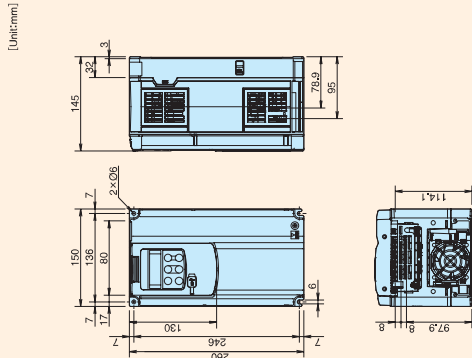
● Inverter main body (0.75kW)



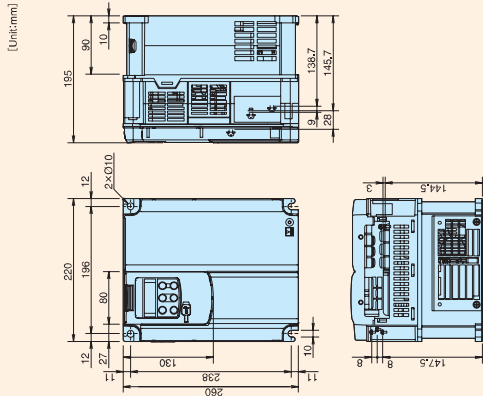
● Inverter main body (1.5kW)



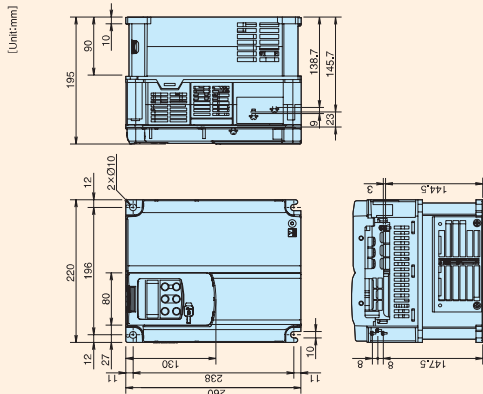
● Inverter main body (2.2-3.7kW)



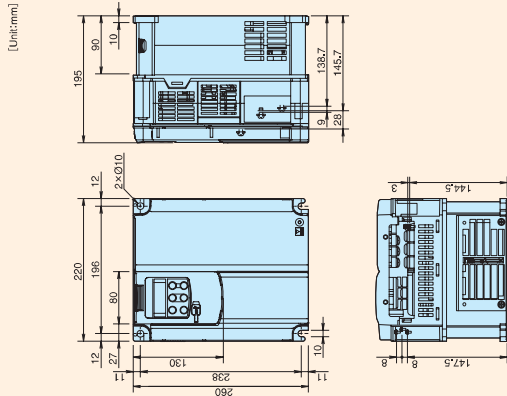
● Inverter main body (5.5kW)



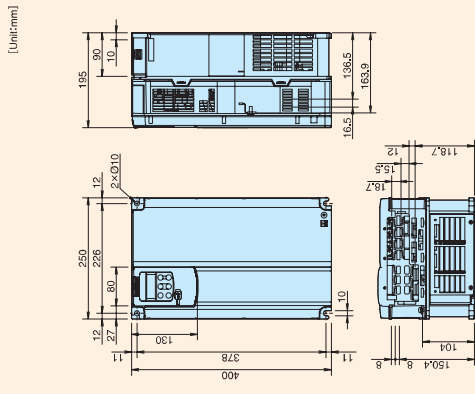
● Inverter main body (7.5kW)



● Inverter main body (11kW)

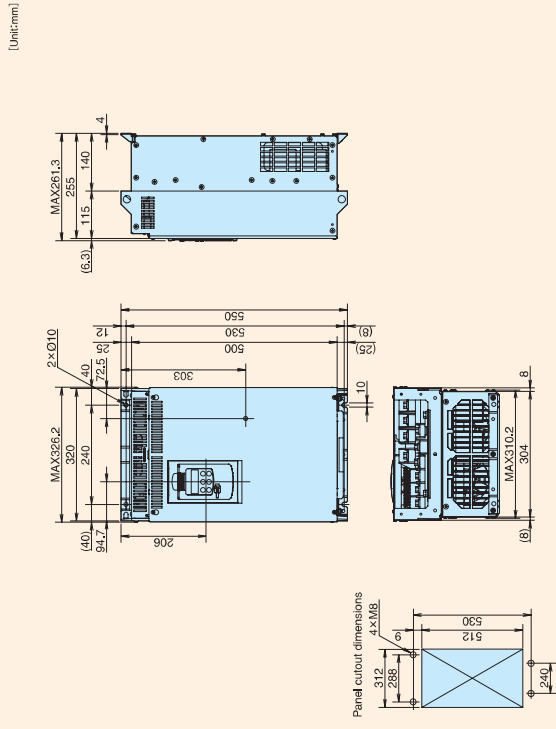


● Inverter main body (15\*18.5\*22kW)

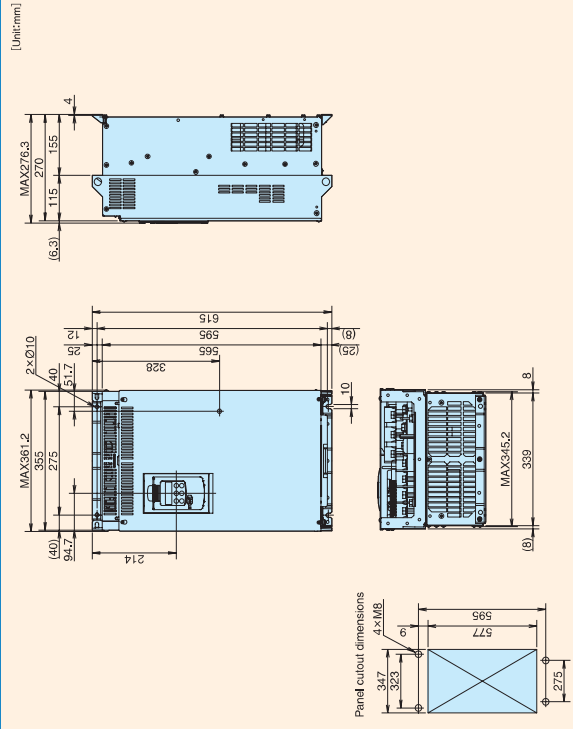


**External Dimensions(Basic Type, EMC Filter Built-in Type)**

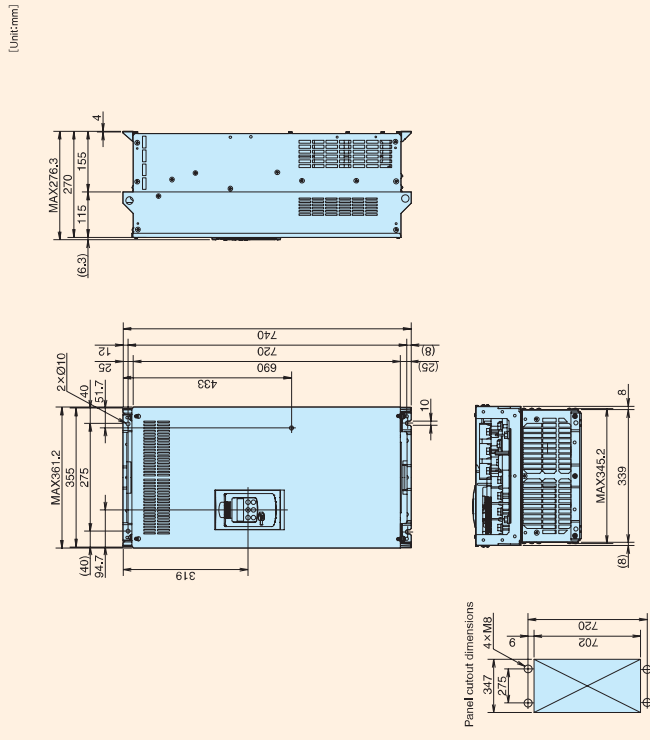
**● Inverter main body (30kW)**



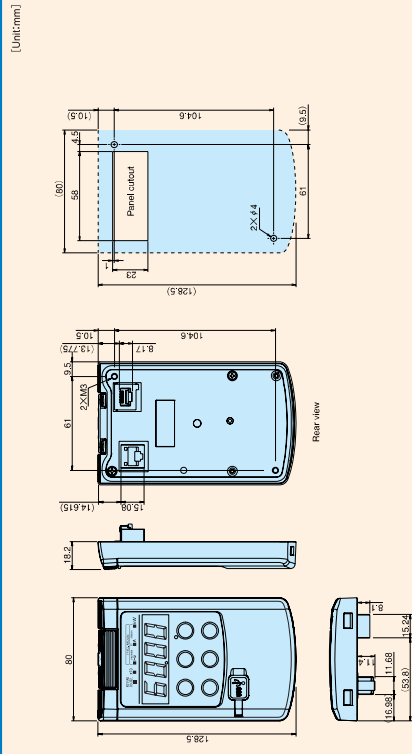
**● Inverter main body (37kW)**



**● Inverter main body (45-55kW)**



**● Touch Panel**



\* The inverter main body and the keypad are subject to change due to development.

External Dimensions	Function Settings	Basic Wiring Diagram	Common Specifications	Standard Specifications	Inverter Support Leaver	Keypad Operations	Model Variations	Characteristics
Warranty	Variations							

Variation

The rich lineup of the active Fuji inverter family

Applications	Series Name (Catalog No.)	Features
NEW	FRENIC-MEGA (MEH●●●●)	<b>High-performance, multi-functional inverter</b> (HD (High Duty) spec: Three-phase 200V: 0.4 to 90kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.4 to 630kW) (LD (Low Duty) spec: Three-phase 200V: 7.5 to 110kW, Three-phase 400V: 7.5 to 710kW) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loaded with vector control which is the peak of general purpose inverters.</li> <li>• Prepared three types: the basic type, EMC filter built-in type, and type which complies with the VFD standard.</li> <li>• Maintainability is further improved with built-in USB port.</li> <li>• The short-time acceleration and deceleration become enabled with achieving better rating of overload ratings at HD spec: 200% for 3 sec and 150% for 1 min and at LD spec: 120% for 1 min.</li> </ul>
	FRENIC5000G11S (MEH403 for JE) (MEH413 for EN)	<b>High-performance, multi-functional inverter multi-functional</b> (Capacity range expanded) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fuji's original dynamic torque vector control system delivers a starting torque of 200% at 0.5Hz.</li> <li>• These inverters are packed with a full range of convenient functions, beginning with an auto tuning function.</li> <li>• Compact, fully enclosed (22kW and below).</li> </ul>
	FRENIC5000P11S (MEH403)	<b>Fan, pump inverter</b> (Capacity range expanded) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 3.3 to 110kW, Three-phase 400V: 5.5 to 710kW</li> <li>• Suitable for fan and pump applications.</li> <li>• The built-in automatic energy-saving function makes energy saving operation easy.</li> <li>• An interactive keypad is standard-equipped for ease of operation.</li> </ul>
General Industrial equipment	FRENIC-Multi (MEH652 for JE) (MEH653 for EN)	<b>High performance, compact inverter</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The inverter featuring environment-friendly and long life design (10 years) complies with RoHS Directives (products manufactured beginning in the autumn of 2005).</li> <li>• The inverter is suitable for a wide range of applications, including ventilation, and simple and thorough maintenance.</li> <li>• Equipped with the functions optimum for the operations specific to vertical and horizontal conveyance, such as lift-and-stop control, brake signal, torque limit, and current limit.</li> </ul>
	FRENIC-Eco (MEH442)	<b>Fan, pump inverter (for variable torque load)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 110kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.75 to 630kW</li> <li>• Developed exclusively for controlling variable torque load like fans and pumps.</li> <li>• Full of new functions such as auto energy saving, PID control, life warning, and switching sequence to the commercial power supply, which were difficult to use with conventional general-purpose inverters because of cost or functions.</li> </ul>
	FRENIC-Mini (MEH441 for JE) (MEH451 for EN)	<b>Compact inverter</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 0.1 to 0.75kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.1 to 0.75kW, Single-phase 200V: 0.1 to 0.22kW, Single-phase 100V: 0.1 to 0.75kW</li> <li>• A frequency setting device is standard-equipped, making operation simple.</li> <li>• The inverter is suitable for applications such as fan, pump, and slip compensation functions, all of which are ideal for controlling traverse conveyors.</li> <li>• Loaded with the functions for auto energy saving operation and PID control, which are ideal for controlling fans and pumps.</li> </ul>
	FRENIC5000VGT5 (MEH405)	<b>High performance, vector control inverter</b> (Capacity range expanded) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 90kW, Three-phase 400V: 3.7 to 630kW</li> <li>• A high precision inverter with rapid control response and stable torque characteristics.</li> <li>• Abundant functions and a full range of options make this inverter ideal for a broad range of general industrial systems.</li> <li>• Auto tuning function makes vector control operation possible even for general-purpose motors.</li> </ul>
	FRENIC5000MG5	<b>Inverter with the power supply regeneration function</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 3.7 to 45kW</li> <li>• A separate converter is used, and up to 2 drive units can be connected to a single converter unit.</li> <li>• The power regeneration function is standard-equipped in the converter unit.</li> <li>• These inverters can be used for general-purpose motors.</li> </ul>
High frequency operation	FRENIC5000H11S	<b>High frequency inverter</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 2.2 to 18.5kW</li> <li>• Fuji's original sine wave PWM control system delivers stable operation from the low speed range to the high speed range.</li> <li>• Capable of handling output frequencies from 1 to 1667Hz.</li> <li>• The desired V/f pattern can be set and polygonal line frequency can be set to match the motor characteristics.</li> </ul>
Controlling machine tool	FRENIC5000MS5 (MEH391)	<b>Machine tool spindle drive system</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 45kW</li> <li>• The separated converter allows you to configure a multi-axis system.</li> <li>• Free combinations are made possible such as torque vector/high performance vector control and dynamic braking/power regeneration.</li> <li>• Abundant option functions enable multitasking machining with a machine tool.</li> </ul>



1. Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the instruction Manual beforehand to use the product correctly.  
 2. The products are not to be used for applications or manufactured for such applications in a system or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers who want to use the products use, in this catalog for special systems or devices such as atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control, are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures such as safety fences, safety gates, and safety devices at the work sites to prevent accidents. The human lives or causes severe damage to property if the products become faulty.

Warranty

NOTES

When driving a 400V general-purpose motor	When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter using extremely long cables, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output filter (DFU) in necessary after checking with the motor manufacturer. Fuji Motors do not require the use of output filter because of their advanced insulation. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. A constant torque is required in the low-speed range. Use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an extremely powerful starting line.
When running general-purpose motor	When the motor is required to be recessed, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine. Operation of a 3-pole motor at 60Hz or 50Hz may cause resonance. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Study use of the coupling or dampening rubber.</li> <li>• Study use of the motor with a different natural frequency.</li> <li>• Study use of the motor with a different natural frequency.</li> </ul>
When running speed motor	When driving an induction motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance. These motors have a larger rated current than general-purpose motors. Select an inverter whose rated output current is greater than that of the motor. These motors have general-purpose motors in their specifications. Set the rated current in the inverter manual when setting the electronic thermal protection function. Do not use the inverter for a long time at a high speed. The primary circuit (commercial power supply) of the inverter is connected to the motor power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems in frequency. Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with sensorless vector control. Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with sensorless vector control. Use an alternative gearbox or speed changer motor, then continuous motor operation at low speed may cause poor lubrication. Avoid such operation.
Environmental conditions	Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of 0 to 40°C. The inverter and braking resistor surface become hot under certain operating conditions. Install the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in the user's manual. Ensure that the ambient temperature is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.
Combination with peripheral devices	Do not turn the magnetic contact (MC) in the primary circuit on or off more than once an hour as an inverter that may result in frequent starts or stops are required. High-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor. High-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor. The main cause of the slip to trip at a current lower than the set value for the thermal relay (TR) is the inverter. Lower the current setting, or use the auto reset (AR) function. Do not use power factor correcting capacitor in the inverter output circuit (secondary). An overcurrent trip will occur, disabling motor operation. Do not mount surge takers in the inverter output (secondary) circuit.
Wiring	Use all the wire and stranded wires as typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC Directives are met. Refer to "Inverter design technical document (M12217) for details. If an overvoltage occurs with the inverter is stopped or operated at a high load, it is assumed that the surge current is generated by operation of the phase-locked loop (PLL) circuit. Do not connect the inverter to a power source with a 500V voltage and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual. When performing the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual. If a long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the twisted shield wire and the distance between the inverter and the motor should be set. The capacitor in the wire connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an inductor in the wire. Shield cables with a sufficient capacity by following the current value or recommended cable size. Do not use non-shield cables that are normally used for connecting general-purpose motor wires.
Capacity	Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal. Select an inverter according to the applicable motor rating listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.
Transportation and storage	When transporting or storing inverters, follow the procedures and rated conditions that meet the environmental conditions that agree with the inverter specifications.

To all our customers who purchase Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems' products:

Please take the following items into consideration when placing your order.

1. Free of Charge Warranty Period and Warranty Range
  - 1-1 Free of charge warranty period
    - (1) This product warranty period is 1 year from the date of purchase or 24 months from the date of shipment, whichever is longer.
    - (2) However, in cases where the use environment, conditions of use, use frequency and device use, etc., have an effect on products, this warranty period may not apply.
    - (3) The warranty period for products manufactured by Fuji Electric's Sales Department is 18 months from the date that repairs are completed.
  - 1-2 Warranty range
    - (1) In the event that breakdown occurs during the product's warranty period which is the period from the date of purchase or shipment to the date of the end of the warranty period, the breakdown will be repaired free of charge at the place where the product was purchased or where it was delivered. However, if the following cases are applicable, the terms of this warranty may not apply.
      - Breakdown was caused by inappropriate installation, maintenance, handling or other relevant documents.
      - Breakdown was caused by the use of parts other than the purchased or delivered Fuji's products.
      - The breakdown was caused by the product other than Fuji product, such as the customer's other than a program supplied by this company or the results from using such programs.
      - Breakdown was caused by modifications or repairs affected by a party other than Fuji Electric.
      - Breakdown was caused by improper maintenance or replacement using consumables.
      - The breakdown was caused by a chemical or technical problem that was not foreseen when making practical application of the product at the time it was purchased or delivered.
      - The breakdown was caused by a reason which is not the company's responsibility, such as lightning or other disaster.
    - (2) Furthermore, the warranty specified herein shall be limited to the purchased or delivered products. The upper limit for the warranty range shall be as specified in item (1) above and any damages (damage to or loss of machinery or equipment, or loss profits from the same, etc.) outside the scope of this warranty.
2. Exclusion of Liability for Loss of Opportunity, etc.
 

Regardless of whether a breakdown occurs during or after the free of charge warranty period, this company is not liable for any loss of opportunity, secondary damage, accident compensation or damages to products other than this company's products, whether loss or not by this company, which this company is not liable for.
3. Repair Period after Production Stop, Spare Parts Supply Period (holding Period)
 

Consuming parts (products) which have gone out of production. This company will perform production support for a period of 7 years after production stop, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurred. However, this support will be provided for a maximum of 10 years from the date of production stop. The life cycle of certain electronic and other parts is short and it will be difficult to procure or repair them. Therefore, this company will provide spare parts supply support for a maximum of 7 years within this 7-year period. For details, please confirm to our company's business office of your service office.
4. Transfer Rights
 

In the case of standard products which do not include settings or adjustments in an application program, the settings and adjustments are not transferred to the customer and this company shall not be responsible for final adjustments or final operation.
5. Service Contents
 

The cost of purchased and delivered products does not include the cost of dispatching engineers or service calls. Depending on the request, these can be discussed separately.
6. Applicable Scope of Service
 

Above contents shall be assumed to apply to transactions and use of the country where you purchase the product. Consult the local supplier or Fuji for the detail separately.